

## After ordeal ends in Havana

# Passengers of hijacked jet return

by Richard Witkin  
(C) New York Times

New York, Nov. 12—A Southern Airways jet landed in Miami last night with 31 exhausted passengers and crew members of a sisterplane hijacked to Cuba by three heavily armed gunmen in a 29-hour melodrama that frequently seemed on the edge of catastrophe.

Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation were waiting at the Miami field to interview the returning passengers and crew on their perilous experience—a nightmare marked by the shooting out of the plane's tires in Orlando, Fla., the wounding of the co-pilot and a final emergency landing on foam-covered Havana runway.

The three hijackers were taken into custody in Cuba.

### wheels down on landing

The co-pilot, Billy Haryloyd Johnson, who was shot in the shoulder as the twin-jet DC-9 left Orlando Saturday night for the final lap to Cuba, was taken to a Hialeah hospital. It was not immediately known whether he was shot by one of the hijackers or by a stray bullet from one of the F.B.I. agents who had fired at the tires in hopes of preventing the take-off.

After a long period of circling in the Havana area to burn off excess fuel, the jet came in wheels down, generating a spray of sparks as its main-wheel hubs contacted the asphalt.

For the passengers and crew, who had helplessly been swept back and forth across the continent to nine different airports, it was safety at last. Their journey had been rudely altered about 7:20 P.M. Friday when the trio of hijackers, two wanted in Detroit on rape charges and one a fugitive from a Nashville jail, took over the jet while it was en route from Birmingham, Ala., to Memphis.

In the course of the next 29 hours, they

shuttled more than 4,000 miles, setting down at Jackson, Miss., Cleveland, Toronto, Lexington, Ky., Chattanooga, Tenn., at Havana for an initial two-hour stay, Key West, Orlando, and finally Havana again.

### medical attention for three

It was at Chattanooga that the airline handed over a reported \$2 million of the \$10 million in extortion money demanded.

"The three authors of the incident (the hijackers) gained money said by Cuban sources to be 2.5 million.

A Cuban radio broadcast, monitored in Miami, said three persons had required medical attention. One was the copilot, a 37-year-old resident of College City, Ark. His wife said officials of Southern had told her her husband was in good condition.

The other two were: an 83-year-old passenger originally thought to have possibly had a heart attack but later reported suffering only from shock; and a passenger with a fractured foot, possibly sustained in sliding down an escape chute after the Havana landing.

The Havana radio reported the shooting out of the jet's tires by F.B.I. agents in Orlando, adding that as a result "the landing was carried out under the strictest emergency conditions."

### safety jeopardized

Neither F.B.I., other government, nor airline officials would reconstruct this decision-making or say who had finally given the order for shooting out the tires.

But what industry experts were asking was why the action was taken, particularly since it did not have the desired effect and jeopardized the safety of the landing in Havana, and might have produced a violent reaction from the jumpy hijackers.

One explanation being offered was that officials finally decided that the situation was getting desperate and that it was safer to try to stop the plane than to let the

hijackers continue with what looked like an open-ended flirtation with disaster. They were talking at the time of taking the small twin-engine jet in short North Atlantic hops to Switzerland.

A second major question being asked in the industry was how the hijackers—officially identified as Melvin Cale, 21 years old (the fugitive), Lewis D. Moore, 27, and Henry D. Jackson, 25—had been able to elude the screening system when they boarded at Birmingham.

### passenger checking fails

Southern did have the system in operation. It is based on checking passengers to see if they show behavioral traits that have been found common to most hijackers. If so, they must be further checked in at least one of three ways. Metal detectors may be used to check for weapons on their persons or in their luggage. They may be asked for identification. They may ultimately be frisked by law-enforcement officers.

Well-informed sources in Washington said that all three hijackers had betrayed the telltale traits and that all had been subjected to scrutiny with a hand-held metal detector.

What was not yet determined was whether the detector did not work or whether its readings were ignored by Southern employees rushing off to complete boarding of the flight.

### relief plane lands

The relief plane that brought the passengers and crew back from Havana today landed at Miami's airport at 5:26 P.M.

Four of those debarking, all men and one of them elderly, were taken off on stretchers. They were put in ambulances, and rushed to hospitals in the area.

While many details of the hijacking, one of the most frightening and bizarre in the

annals of the air privacy, remained to be cleared up, some facts were clarified.

There had been reports that President Nixon, weekending in Key Biscayne might have given the orders for the F.B.I. to keep the hijacked plane from taking off from Orlando.

### president kept informed

A spokesman at the Florida White House, asked about the reports, said:

"The White House was not involved in that."

The spokesman also disclosed that the hijackers, on two occasions during the hijacking, had asked to speak directly to the President. He added that several White House aides has been informed of the request but had felt "a conversation would not be productive."

The President, however, was kept informed of the hijacking, the spokesman said.

### Cuban officials involved

Cuba's Premier, Fidel Castro, was somewhat more directly involved. He came to Havana's Jose Marti airport the first time the hijacked Southernjet landed there, and was reported to have tried to talk with the three gunman aboard.

The attempt failed because the nervous hijackers wanted him to come aboard the plane instead of going out to meet him on the ramp. Cuban security guards forbade this.

One of the hijackers, wearing a bullet-proof vest obtained with the extortion money and covered by the guns of his colleagues, did at one point leave to pursue negotiations with Cuban officials. The trio was demanding certain conditions before agreeing to debark, and the Cubans evidently balked. In any case, after two hours of fruitless talks, the hijackers decided to depart, and forced the plane to take off for Key West.

## Resignation still stands

# Jean Seymour returns to finish semester at SMC



Jean Seymour: my health would not permit me to do both student government and my academic work.

Former Saint Mary's Student Body President Jean Seymour has returned to SMC to complete the present academic semester. The SMC senior plans to graduate with her class in May.

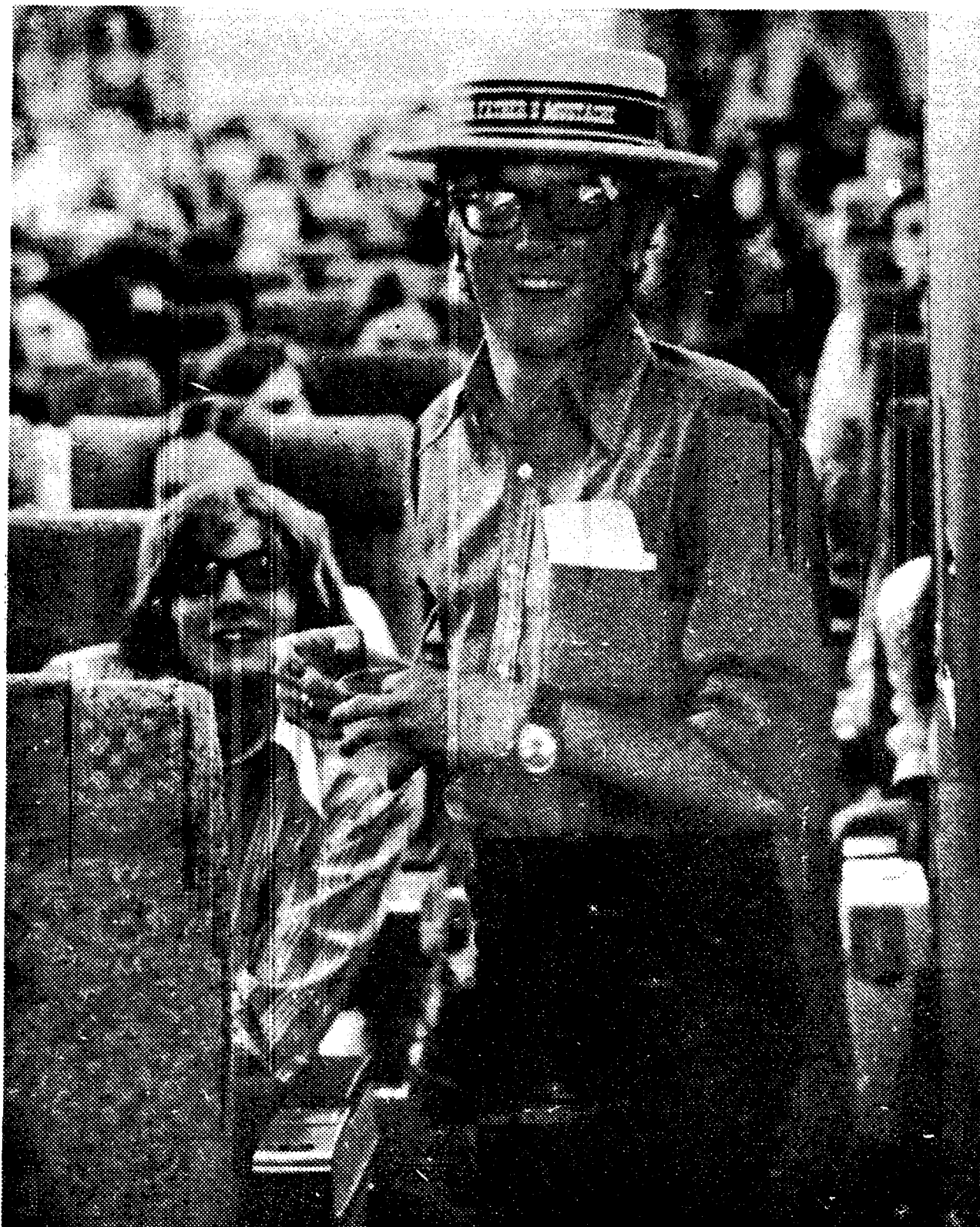
Seymour resigned as SBP last Sunday claiming that she was unable to hold the position because of personal reasons. At that time she planned to withdraw from the college.

"My health would not permit me to do both student government and my academic work. Now, however, I am able to devote myself fully to my studies," Seymour said yesterday.

Seymour asked the college to disregard her request for withdrawal. "My teachers have been most cooperative in allowing me to finish the semester," she noted, adding that this cooperation made the task of giving up student government easier.

The ex-SBP added that she regretted terminating her active role in student government. "I have very much enjoyed all the student government activities that occurred during my six months as student body president."

Seymour and running mate Sue Welte were elected to the top St. Mary's spots on March 2, 1972. Welte has succeeded Seymour as the SMC student body president.



The weekend trip to Denver turned out to be fun and profitable for both student fans and the football team. See page 8 for details.

## world

## briefs

(c) 1972 New York Times

**Moscow**--The Soviet Union has indicated its first signs of impatience at delays in the signing of an Indochina cease-fire agreement, while the United States hastens arms shipments to South Vietnam. "Emergency deliveries of arms could just put a mine under the still-unsigned agreement on the cease-fire and restoration of peace in Vietnam," warned the Soviet armed forces newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda.

**Moscow**--A group of scientific workers at Moscow's Institute for Natural Compounds has been illegally making narcotics, according to reports circulating among Soviet intellectuals. Reliable sources report that at least one person has been arrested and that 2.2 pounds of narcotics, possibly LSD, has been found at the Institute. If the report about LSD is correct, it would be the first time that its availability has been acknowledged in the Soviet Union.

**Washington**--The officials in charge of the Nixon Administration's controls over wages, prices and rents are strongly disposed to narrow the program as a gradual step toward decontrol. They are also afraid, they have indicated, that the program is becoming excessively complex as more and more regulations and exceptions are issued.

## on campus today

3:30--film, civilization, 'the pursuit of happiness: rococo music and art', engineering auditorium.  
7:30--lecture, digger phelps, stanford-keenana chapel.  
7:30--meeting, flying irish flying club, room 12, aerospace bldg.  
8:00--poetry reading, john mathias, library lounge.  
8:00, 10:00--film, cinema '73: 'rules of the game', engineering auditorium.  
8:00--travelogue, 'florence and the heart of italy', o'laughlin auditorium.  
9:00--jazz session, rev. george wiskirchen, 'current trends and practices of jazz-an overview', lafortune.

# 'Mr. Selective Service,' Hershey, to speak here tomorrow at 8

by Don White  
Staff Reporter

General Lewis B. Hershey, past Director of Selective Service and current Advisor to the President of the United States on Manpower Mobilization, will give a lecture tomorrow at 8 p.m. in the Galvin Life Auditorium. Sponsored by the Student Union Academic Commission, the free lecture is open to the public.

"Mr. Selective Service," as General Hershey is universally known, was born in Angola, Indiana in 1893. His military career prior to his association with Selective Service began when he enlisted as a private in the Indiana National Guard of February 16, 1911. He was not yet eighteen, but he wanted to go to Indianapolis "where the Guard trained every summer."

With 62 years of active duty and four stars on his shoulder, Hershey is now the second-ranking general in the Army. The only person with more active duty time is Omar Bradley, also the Army's only five star general. "But he will still be on active duty when he retires," jested Hershey during a telephone interview.

Hershey's affiliation with Selective Service started in 1936 when, as a major, he became secretary and executive officer of the Joint Army and Navy Selective Service Committee. This committee was established under the National Defense Act to study and plan for manpower procurement in the event of national emergency.

Recognizing the grave international situation, the Joint Selective Service Committee had established a National Headquarters and alerted all groups which were to put state plans into operation by mid-summer of 1960. The nucleus of this nationwide organization was ready to function immediately when the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 was enacted on September 16, 1940.

Under Lt. Col. Hershey's supervision, more than 16 million men were registered on October 16, 1940. This initial registration, however, would see 16 million men



actually drafted into the Armed Forces before expiration of the 1940 Act on March 31, 1947.

Promoted to Brigadier General on October 25, 1940, Hershey was appointed Deputy Director and Executive Officer of the Selective Service System by President Roosevelt on December 19, and then named as its Director on July 31, 1941. He held this position until the Selective Service Act expired in March, 1947.

Congressional legislation enacted shortly before this time called for the establishment of the Office of the Selective Service Records. With Hershey named as its director on April 1, 1947, its responsibilities called for the

liquidation of the Selective Service System, and the preservation and maintenance of Selective Service records containing data for some 51 million men.

A 1948 act reestablished the Selective Service System and Hershey was once again named as director on July 17. Appointed Lieutenant General in 1956, and General in 1969, Hershey held the position of Director of the Selective Service System under six Presidents, up through and including Richard Nixon. The 79-year old Hershey finally retired as the System's director on February 14, 1970.

(continued on page 6)

South Bend's Newest 110½ N. Main

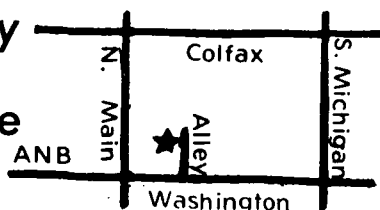
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There are still some good \$4.50 and \$2.75 seats available at the ACC Ticket Office and the Student Union Ticket Office.



# Thieu modifies his total opposition

by Fox Butterfield  
(c) New York Times

Saigon, Nov. 12--Following two days of talks with White House envoy Gen. Alexander M. Haig Jr., President Nguyen Van Thieu has modified his total opposition to the draft United States-North Vietnamese peace settlement, but he is still unwilling to fully accept it, informed Vietnamese and

American officials said today.

In what Thieu evidently considered an important concession, the sources report, he told Haig he could agree to the nine-point settlement if North Vietnam would at least pledge "in principle" to withdraw its troops from South Vietnam.

Such an agreement in principle, one well placed South Vietnamese source said, would not satisfy Thieu's repeated demand that

North Vietnam withdraw all its troops from the south before a cease-fire. After such a public pledge, Saigon would then be able to accept a "gradual withdrawal" of what it estimates to be 300,000 North Vietnamese soldiers.

Thieu's two other basic objections to the proposed settlement can now be "easily worked out", the South Vietnamese source added.

These are, that the settlement does not provide for the reestablishment of the demilitarized zone as the boundary between North and South Vietnam, and that the working of the draft settlement implies that the joint commission to hold new elections will be a form of coalition government. Thieu has adamantly rejected any plan that involved coalition government because he fears it would lead to Communist takeover.

The South Vietnamese source confirmed that after Thieu's more than five hours of talks with Haig, who is Henry A. Kissinger's Chief Deputy, he gave Haig a letter for President Nixon. However, the source said, the letter was mostly one of "courtesy" and did not indicate Thieu was prepared to accept a settlement.

This version of the secret talks in the presidential palace was substantially confirmed by qualified U.S. officials, who said that while some progress had been made, "basic differences of position remain."

In the only official American statement on the talks, a U.S. embassy spokesman said this morning as Haig left Tan Son Nhut Airport for Phnompenh, Cambodia, that the meetings were "cordial and constructive."

The key question now, one official remarked, is how long Nixon and Kissinger are willing to put up with Thieu's opposition to their carefully planned settlement. The South Vietnamese leader himself is unsure, the official commented, and he is "playing a brand new ball game where no one knows the rules."

The official speculated that in the Paris negotiations Kissinger may have purposely avoided demanding that Hanoi withdraw all its troops, since it would be almost impossible to enforce such a provision. Instead, the official suggested, Kissinger may have been given some tacit understanding by Hanoi that it wanted to pull back some troops from the South.

Vietnamese sources in the presidential palace reported today that Haig had in fact told Thieu the United States had been given indications that North Vietnam would voluntarily withdraw at least some of its troops.

Haig flew from Saigon to Phnompenh to confer briefly with Cambodian President Lon Nol, and from here he was scheduled to go to Seoul for talks with South Korean President Park Chung Hee. South Korea still has 37,000 troops in Vietnam, 5,000 more than the total of U.S. troops still here.

## Student gov't care program

# Popcorn plan announced

Dennis Etienne, student body vice-president, announced today the formation of a "care-type" program for the relief of the stricken residents in Holy Cross Hall on the Saint Mary's College campus.

The program, which stems from an incident in which a Holy Cross resident was campused for popping popcorn in her room, will encourage and promote the sending of care boxes of popcorn from the ND community to the stricken hall.

The operation of a popper is a direct violation of a SMC rule. Similar rules also apply to the smoking of cigarettes and cigars.

The care-type program will be under the Ministry of Propaganda. Individuals interested in helping the residents of Holy Cross hall by popping popcorn, packing care packages, or donating 'Nikoban'

are encouraged to do so individually, or under the direction of Student Government.

Popcorn should be salted, but not buttered for shipment. The popcorn should be placed into plastic bags, sealed and placed into cardboard boxes. All packages should be sent to Holy Cross hall since this hall appears to be in the most distress. Other halls will be included on the care package mailing list as soon as a need is established.

Etienne, in an emergency meeting with his advisors, asked that the ND-SMC community keep

calm in this moment of crisis. Speaking from the president's office in LaFortune Student Center Etienne said, "an operation of this magnitude requires the active participation of every member of the ND-SMC community. This relief effort can be rivaled only by the Berlin Airlift."

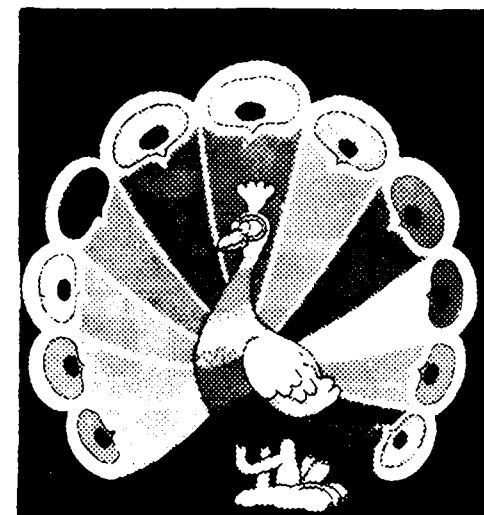
Runners are needed to carry the popcorn to Holy Cross hall. The Ministry of Propaganda is asking for volunteers. Persons interested in helping in this relief effort should contact Notre Dame student government in LaFortune Student Center, or phone 7668.

## Jazz continues tonight in student center

After a successful SRO first concert in the LaFortune Lounge the weekly "Jazz at Nine" series continues with a lecture-discussion on jazz at 9:00 P.M. in the Fiesta Lounge of the Student Center on Monday, November 13th.

Current trends and practices in the jazz world will be discussed and evaluated with sonically-illustrated examples of the present work of Archie Shepp, Miles Davis, Ornette Coleman, Paul Winter, Weather Report, Bill Evans and George Russell.

There will be no admission charge for this event that will hopefully answer questions about what is going on today in the world of jazz. The discussion will be lead by Rev. George Wiskirchen, C.S.C., Director of the Jazz Band.



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## Boeing is back.

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Now the airline industry has turned the corner and jetliner orders are coming faster than we ever predicted. Orders for the 727-200 have passed the 1,000 mark, and the sale of ten 707's to China represents a breakthrough which gained worldwide attention.

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While the major elements of our business continue to be commercial jet transportation and government defense and space requirements, we have begun activities outside these

traditional areas. Measured on the scale of total company operations, these diversification activities don't loom very large yet. But we believe

they have potential for the future and could represent as much as 25 percent of total sales in a decade.

A few of these programs are: 1) people movers to unclog traffic conditions in our cities; 2) hydrofoils to move people and freight over water faster; 3) a

100,000-acre test site where we're growing crops in a desert that has been stabilized with garbage from a nearby city; 4) a pollution control process that has application in desalination and as a treatment of industrial waste; and 5) aerospace programs that can lead to a better understanding of how to use this planet's natural resources more efficiently.

The point is—today Boeing is a lean, ambitious, and very inventive company. A place where new ideas flourish. Where an attitude prevails that nothing we did before is good enough for tomorrow. An organization that's rebuilding. Strong. Healthy. And devoted to the development of new systems that can keep planet Earth on course and the people who live here healthy.

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# A new life for outcasts

by Joseph Abell  
Managing Editor

*Imagine a room, one not much larger than a classroom. It has no desks, no tables, no shelves; its only outstanding feature is the floor: a cold, hard slab of concrete. Now imagine about fifty to sixty babies lying on that floor without mattresses, sheets or blankets. A few kick and cry at the hundreds of flies buzzing around their naked bodies, but most are quiet, too weak to even move. They are fed perhaps once a day, and their wastes are cleaned up maybe once every four or five hours. Meanwhile the only life they know is endless waiting on the bare concrete floor.*

Such is the fate of many Vietnamese children living in orphanages in their home country, according to Phil Conroy, a senior NROTC midshipman. And he has a source of information better than any Vietnam War propagandizer: he's been there.

Last summer, Phil and three other Notre Dame midshipmen went on a summer cruise near Vietnam. Phil was assigned to the USS Midway, stationed off the North Vietnamese coast. While on this short tour of duty, Phil became aware of a situation not so much publicized in the United States: the adoption dilemma of Vietnamese orphans, most with American GI fathers, by American families.

Before the summer was out, that awareness was to blossom into his escorting seventeen Vietnamese orphans, ranging in age from eight months to five years, to their new American homes in Ohio, Nebraska, Iowa and New York.

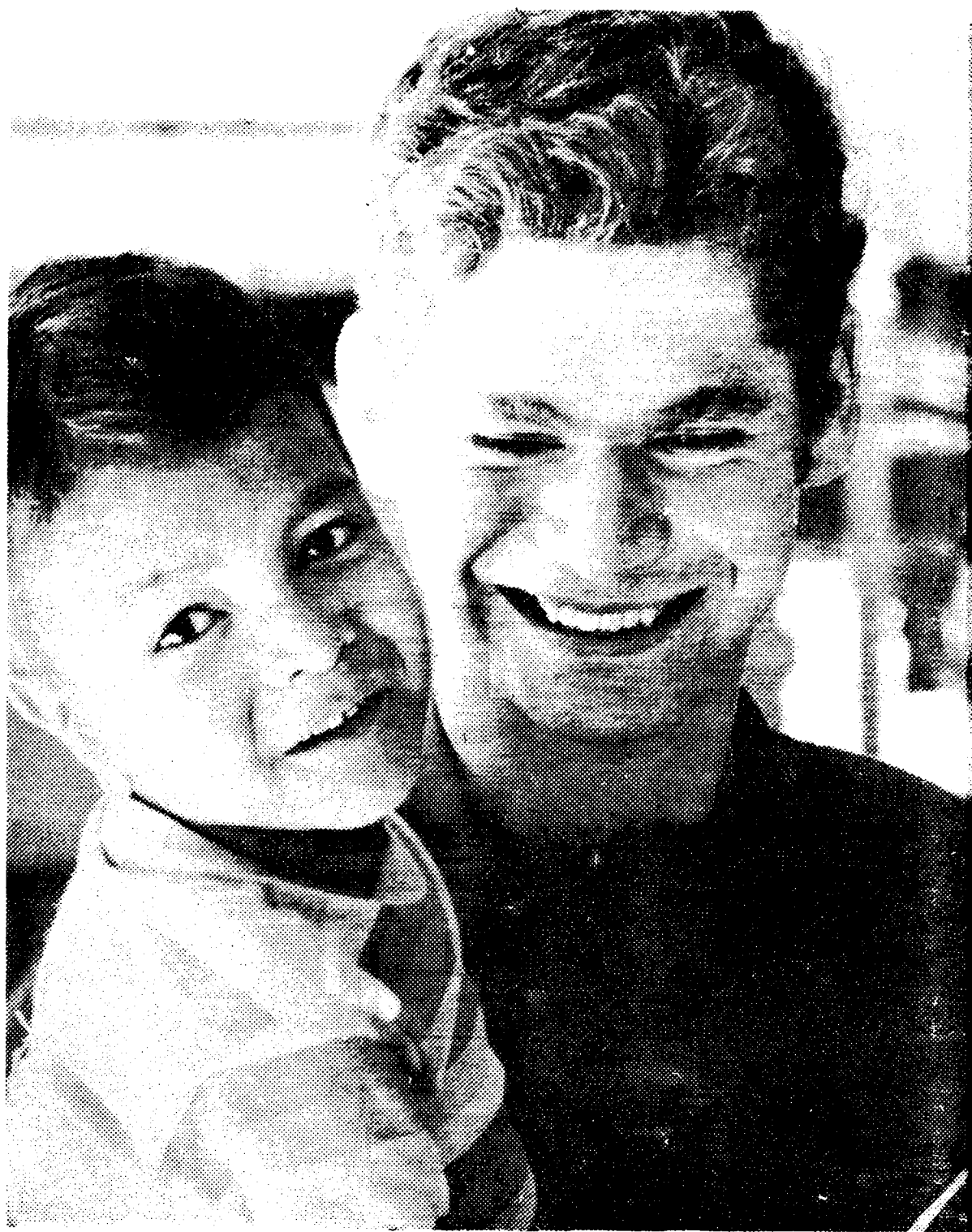
## "I wanted to help"

After his mandatory duty had been completed, he recalled, "I wanted to see what the war had done to the country. My own family had been through adoption procedures for two orphans last year, so I knew some of the problems involved. But when I got over there, I became aware of other adoptions from U.S. families having problems. I wanted to help."

He contacted the Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral Zumwalt, for permission to go into Vietnam (Naval regulations forbid NROTC midshipmen from visiting the country near which they take their summer cruise). After receiving his permission, and the permission of the Commander of United States Military Assistance Command, Vietnam (COMUSMACV), Gen. Frederick Weyand, both through the intervention of Phil's own senator, Carl Curtis (Rep.-Neb.), he began a long month of red tape, travelling and adventures in Vietnam that lead him through such varied places as the American Embassy in Saigon, many small South Vietnamese hamlets and even one war zone. He found willing assistance from such officials as Admiral Zumwalt, Secretary of Defense Melvin Laird, and Senator Curtis. And most of all, he found a lot of work cut out for him.

Phil's first stop was the office of Do Ngoc Phu, a Vietnamese lawyer that specializes in adoption of orphans by American parents. Phu filled him in on the problems and the best courses of action of the adoption procedures, and between the two of them, a plan was formed to expedite the adoption of seventeen children.

Phil shares a few laughs with two orphans at Tan Binh before leaving for Saigon. The departure was a tearful one for these boys, for they were unable to return with Phil.



Phil's job: to speed up the immigration process by continuously prodding the Vietnamese officials. The difficulties were immense.

## "Lots of red tape"

"There was a lot of red tape," Phil recounted. "First of all, there's the Viet government passports. These were free, but the problem was that to leave the country, you had to be a National."

This problem is a major one in the adoption process, he added. Vietnamese regulations require that any emigrant have an official birth certificate, and only Vietnamese Nationals, which half-American children are not recognized as, are issued such certificates. "It's really a shame, since there are something like fifty to sixty families in America for each child available for adoption," he said. The supply and demand are both great, but the Viet laws cause many problems in the procedures.

One solution was offered by the French government at the time of French withdrawal in 1954. When those forces left, all children sired by French soldiers, whether legitimate or not, were left with a legacy: French citizenship, entitling them to free education and other benefits. Many thousands took the French government up on their offer and travelled to France. However, the United States has yet to provide such an offer.

The solution to the American problem, then? Fabricated birth certificates. Phil estimated that nearly one-third of all Vietnamese adoptions involve such certificates, usually taking two forms: totally

fabricated documents and the dead, children.

"My Vietnamese brother, certificate," he mentioned.

"Other problems included: orphanages, approval of a parent often simply give their child without the proper documentation, to allow adoption -- 'medical examinations and va

## All procedures all

He emphasized that adoption already been started by the parents involved. The longest had been two years, the shortest for a child. "Ordinarily, a child will be at the bottom of the stack to get plained. 'And only recently they to allow children to be released the adoption. This left it open and escort the children home be finished."

This, he added, solves what the time element.

"The amount of time involved, years, and in that time a child statistics that claim that as fatalities in orphanages in some resulting mainly from sanitation children to suffer from malnutrition parasites.

"This is mostly in the Buddhist quickly added, where the Buddhist donations to the orphanage for the children in conditions similar the beginning of this article.

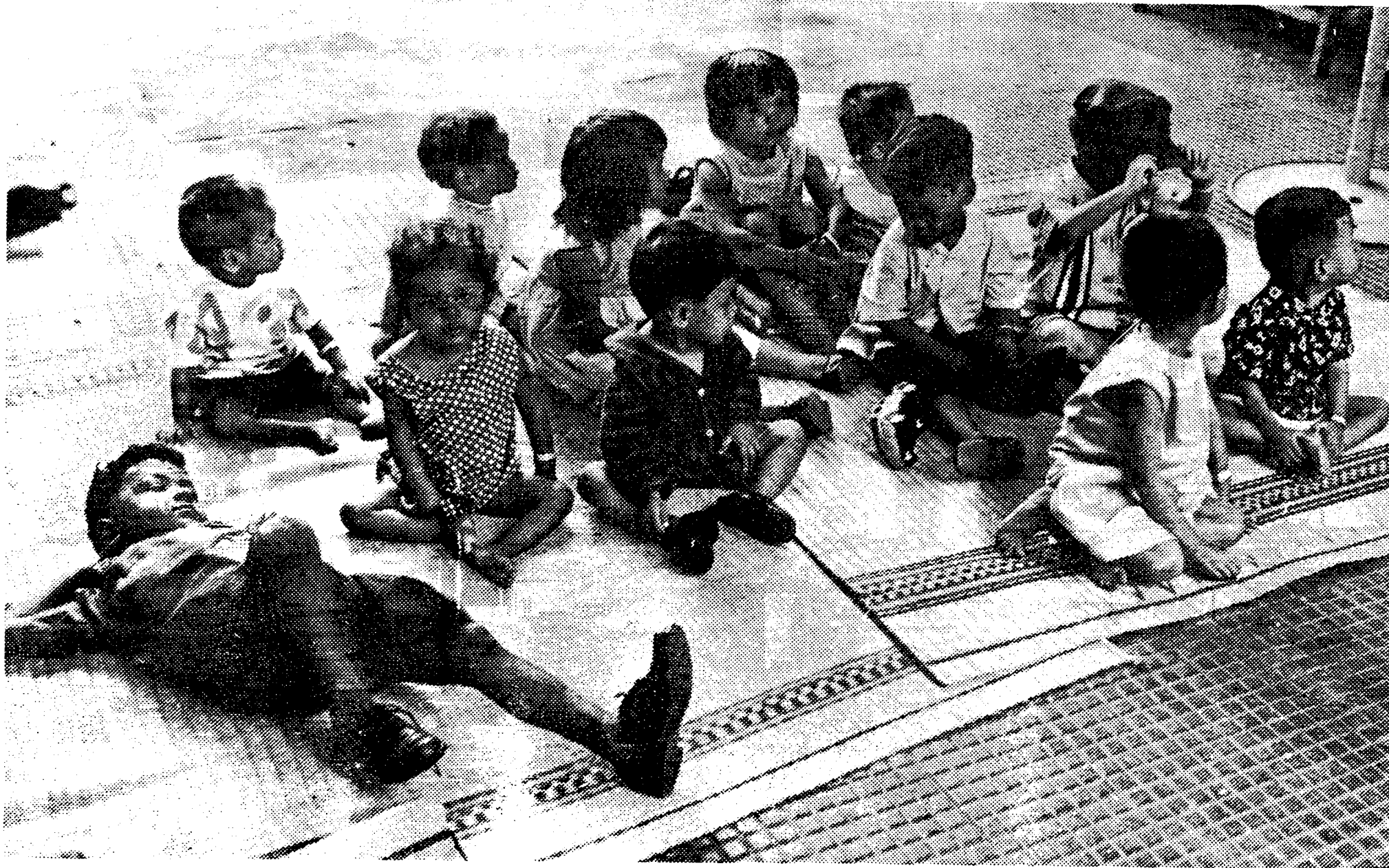
The figures are not so bad which he dealt, however. Sr. M. Tan Binh orphanage in Cambodia heads a small outfit that accepts month, oftentimes babies sisters' arms in the marketplace and care for them until some until they become old enough.

Most of these babies are the children of American soldiers and Vietnamese which are prostitutes and beggars estimate the number of such was 15,000 mark. Some guesses reach

"Sr. Lieu helped out the most a lot of the manipulations project," Phil mentioned.

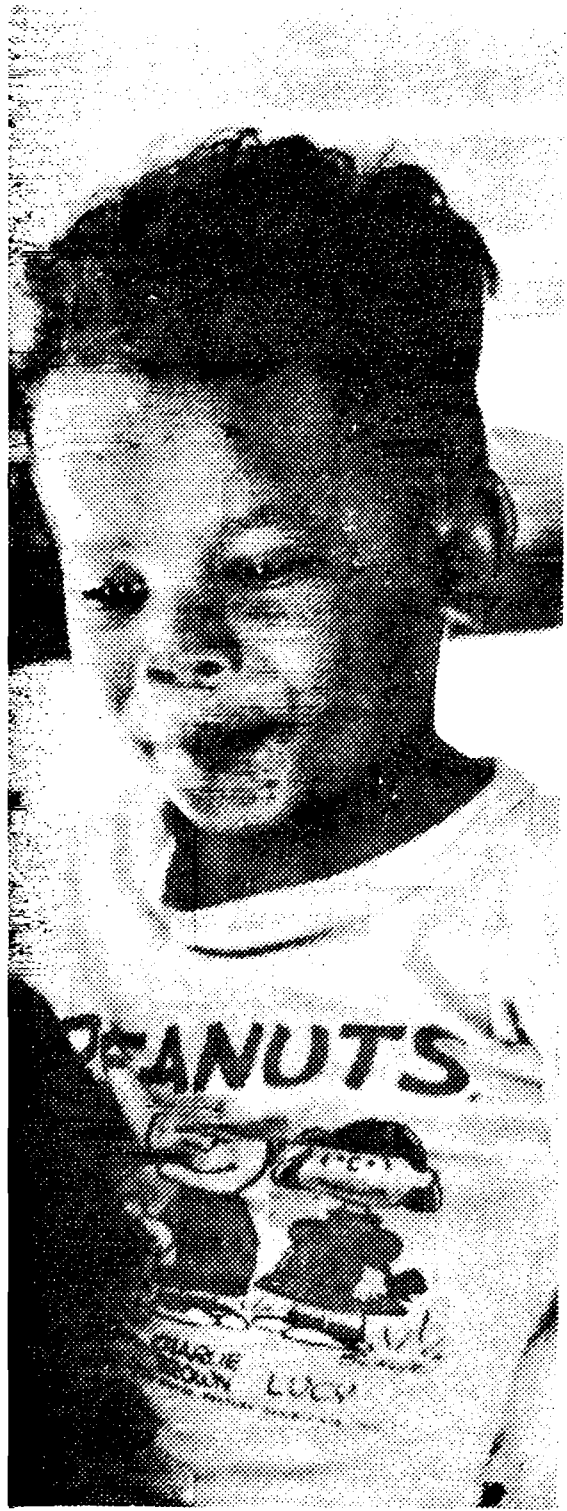
## A special

Phil also visited two other travels: the Viet Hoa and the Vung Tau was at the Vung Tau orphanage Buddhist orphanage, though



A short stopover at a Saigon orphanage provides a rest for twelve of the travelling children before the long flight to their new homes. For both Nguyen Van Duc (left, back row) and Nguyen Anh Dung (third from left, front row) the journey was one of life or death. Both children were given less than a week to live by American doctors upon arrival. Both recovered, Duc from pneumonia, Dung from an ear infection.





them. And Vung Tau was on his agenda, not to check on departing orphans, but for one reason: a special duty for a friend.

"Dr. (Thomas) Werge has had adoption procedures under way since March, and he asked me to see the orphan he wants to adopt," Phil said. He took photos of a small baby girl named Tran smiling from a tiny wooden crib, and added that English professor Dr. Werge hoped to leave the week of Thanksgiving for Saigon to help expedite adoption procedures.

"He's having problems with the adoption," Phil said, describing the main difficulty as dealing with the child's reluctant guardian.

"The guy keeps asking for more money before he'll give up the birth certificate," Phil said. "He eventually was arrested for something else, and since he can't keep the certificate in jail, procedures for a new one have been started."

#### The return home

Finally, at the beginning of August, Phil was ready to return with his entourage to the United States. American officials stepped in to help out at this point.

Communications with the American families had to be completed before the children could leave, and Phil cites the MARS (Military Affiliate Radio System) network as the biggest help. This organization of ham radio operators, which normally transmits and receives personal messages of military personnel, completed an electromagnetic link from Saigon to San Francisco so long-distance telephone calls could be made to the families.

Other authorities, most notably Secretary of Defense Melvin Laird and the State Department, helped out at the actual departure time.

The State Department provided help via the American Embassy in Saigon ("They gave us all the help we needed."), and Secretary Laird insured the use of Navy helicopters to whisk the children from the two orphanages, Viet Hoa and Tan Binh, to a central meeting point in Saigon.

Once in Saigon, the group of seventeen was split into two groups, the first leaving with registered nurse Bonnie Bickel, who delivered them to San Francisco, where their new parents met them, on August 10. Phil brought the remaining eight the next day to his hometown of Omaha, from which they were met by their new parents and taken to their respective new homes.

#### Trip saved lives

"For some of the orphans, the trip literally saved their lives," Phil said. As soon as one child reached his new home, doctors discovered he had pneumonia. "He was taken to the hospital and put under intensive care for a few days. He was eventually in the hospital for ten days."

Another had an infection of the middle ear, a type that causes eventual deafness, and was described as "very painful."

"The doctors wondered how the kid stood it," Phil recounted, adding that the pain would have killed the child within a week. The doctors were able to relieve that pain and save the child's life.

#### Incredible response

The response he met upon his return was tremendous. Hundreds of letters and telephone calls greeted him from parents who believed he brought back children regularly. And some of the calls were a little less than believable, according to Phil:

"One family called and wanted a child by the next week. They hadn't even started adoption procedures, and they thought I could bring them one. They said they wanted 'it' to show off at a family reunion."

Phil also said that parents are not able to simply apply and receive a child; they must be very thoroughly screened by many agencies, including the American Welfare department, various state agencies, and the Vietnamese adoption agencies.

And despite this, it is still very hard to get a Vietnamese child; special contacts are a must.

"You really have to know somebody to do it," Phil said regretfully, adding that he felt that "it makes no sense to have a child die in Vietnam orphanage when there's so many people wanting to adopt them."

#### A reunion

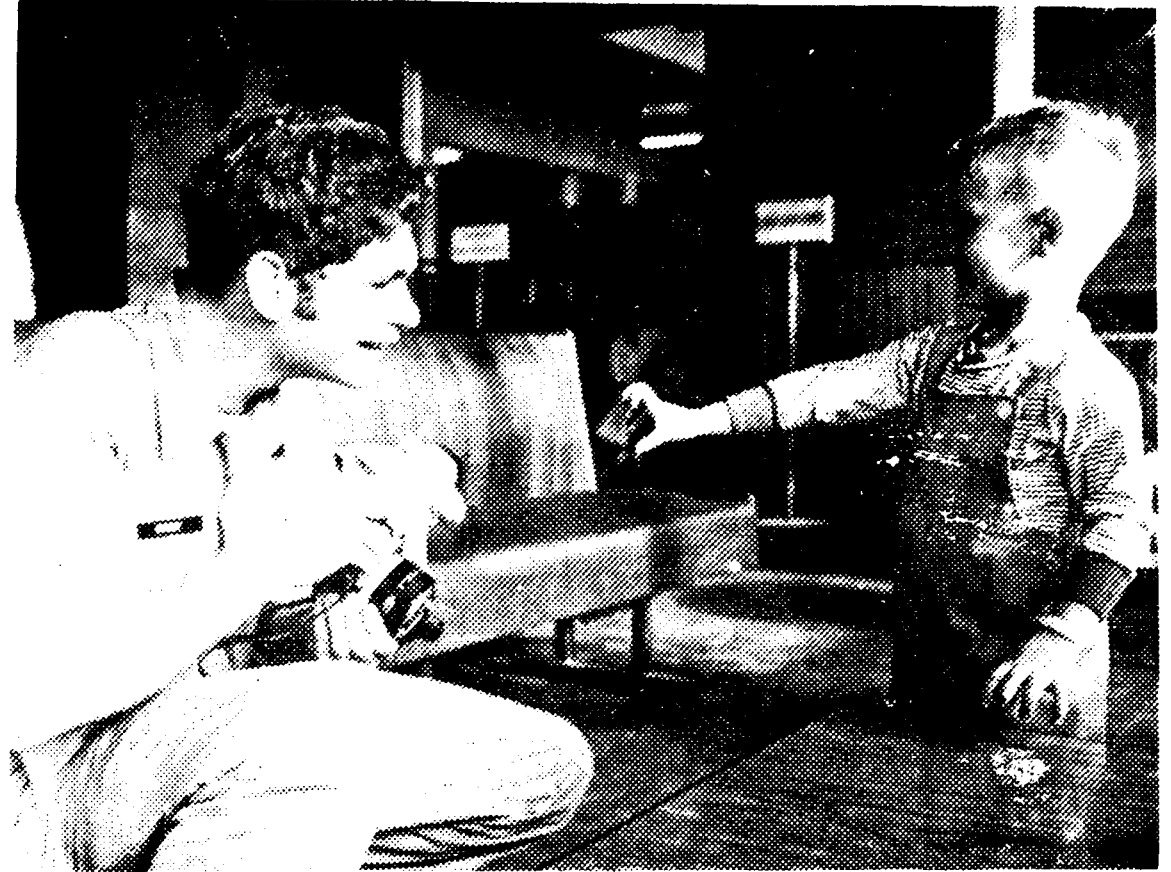
Recently, Phil journeyed to Cleveland for a special meeting: a reunion of some of the children and their new parents.

Though not all of the nine former orphans in the Cleveland area made it to the reunion ("Some of them live way out in the sticks"), Phil said he "got a chance to see just about all of the kids."

He discovered that the children had had no problems in adjustment to their new mode of living at all. The parents had been apprehensive about the adjustment of the children to the comparatively richer American food, but they reported that "the kids seemed to handle anything thrown at them."

Phil was impressed with some of the families that had adopted the seventeen he brought back.

The stopover in the Saigon airport produced a few happy faces as Nguyen Tien Hung insisted that his hand would make a better subject for Phil than the other children. The victor? Nguyen Tien Hung, of course: his hand admirably taking the place of another boy's face.



"One family had nine children, two biological and seven adopted. And the seven came from a wide background, some part black, some part Japanese, and others. This was their first Vietnamese child. I was taken aback, and wondered what they'd want with another one, until I got to know the family."

Phil said the families anticipated no further problems of adoption. All but two of the orphans' papers had been cleared through the Vietnamese and American authorities. "If you get the child home, it's over the hill."

"The only hitch some of them have is that some states, Ohio and Nebraska are two -- don't legally recognize a foreign adoption. It's just a formality, however, to readopt the child in that state," he said.

#### "A rewarding experience"

He summarized his feelings by saying that "it was a very rewarding experience. I'd like to help out more families sometime in the future, and eventually get into a sort of peace-corps program in the Navy later on."

Perhaps the Vietnamese orphanages haven't seen the last of Phil Conroy.



Bonnie Birkel, the registered nurse that later took nine of the children to San Francisco, comforts 2-year old Nguyen Van Duc on the helicopter ride from Tan Binh. The large earpieces, nicknamed Mickey Mouse ears, protect human ears from the deafening, unmuffled roar of helicopter engines.

photos courtesy

the department of the navy

## Weekend war action

## U.S. bombing raids continue

by James P. Sterba  
(c) New York Times

Saigon, South Vietnam, Nov. 12--Military spokesmen reported today that heavy Communist artillery barrages and American bombing raids highlighted Vietnam war action over the weekend as both sides continued to move supplies into South Vietnam in anticipation of a possible ceasefire.

Bienhoa Airbase, 17 miles north of Saigon, was hit by 45 122-mm rockets early this morning, killing three children, wounding ten both persons, destroying a napalm storage depot containing about 150 canisters and damaging one South Vietnamese Air Force F-5 fighter-bomber. Thirteen Americans were reportedly injured.

The base is one of several into which American transport planes have been airlifting large amounts

of weapons and supplies during the last two weeks. It is located about three miles from the U.S. army's former headquarters, which was turned over to the South Vietnamese army yesterday.

The heaviest of some 69 Communist shelling attacks reported in the 24 hours ending this morning was against South Vietnamese marines north of Quangtri City and just south of the demarcation line. There, 1,000 artillery, rocket and mortar shells hit the marine positions, killing seven troops and wounding 29 others, a South Vietnamese spokesman said.

B-52 bombers flew six three-plane raids over the same territory, five other such raids were concentrated against suspected Communist troop locations about 20 miles south of Pleiku City in the central highlands. These were among 21 such missions flown over South

Vietnam. Twelve other missions were aimed at supplies in North Vietnam, south of the 20th parallel.

The raids over the North also included more than 240 tactical air strikes by planes based on aircraft carriers and at bases in Thailand: 129 more tactical raids were flown over South Vietnam, the American military command reported.

A third heavy Communist mortar barrage was reported in the central coast province of Binhlinh. A South Vietnamese army spokesman said Saigon infantry position were hit by about 300 mortar shells five miles south of Bongson, and 15 more mortars and rockets hit South Vietnamese army bases nearby.

Scattered fighting was reported 25 miles north of Saigon in Binhduong province.

For the last month up to 5,000 Communist troops have been reported moving from the Cambodian border toward Saigon, presumably to be in position near the capital in the event of a ceasefire. According to Allied officers, most of the hamlets the Communists have tried to occupy during the last month's fighting are settlements where the Vietcong was traditionally supported by the people.

In the area near the capital the Communists have not made any effort to seize district towns, provincial capitals, or hold villages where they did not feel they had popular backing.

By contrast, in the recent fighting in the central highlands, the North Vietnamese have concentrated on overrunning the isolated border posts near their Cambodian and Laotian base areas.

In Navy airraids over North Vietnam, pilots reported hitting 26 trucks, 3 railed bridges, 2 highway bridges, 10 warehouses, 2 boxcars, 1 tank and 4 other armored vehicles. They also reported hitting the runway at Baithuong Airfield, 21 miles northwest of Thanhhoa 16 times.

## POETRY READINGS

John Matthias

Ernest Sandeen

Mary Pat Quinlan

Dan O'Donnell

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13

8:00 pm Library Lounge

## Hershey to speak here

(continued from page 1)

Still on active duty, Gen. Hershey was appointed as Special Advisor to the President on Manpower Mobilization on February 16, 1970, two days after his retirement from the Selective Service System. In this capacity, he advises the President on national mobilization for any purpose, military or otherwise.

Hershey's decorations and awards, both civilian and military, would fill a book. He is one of only 24 persons who have been awarded

the Distinguished Service Medal of Indiana, his home state's highest award.

Eight colleges and universities have conferred honorary degrees upon the veteran, including Indiana, Ohio State, and Columbia Universities, as well as Tri-State College in Angola, Ind., of which he is a trustee.

Hershey has also been very active with the Boy Scouts of America, serving as President of the National Area Council from 1961-1967.

## 'Sexuality at ND' will be discussed Nov. 14

"What do Notre Dame students know about sexuality?" and "What relevance does Christianity have for those deciding about premarital intercourse?"—these are some of the questions treated in tomorrow's Campus Ministry program.

The discussion—"Human Sexuality and the Notre Dame Student: Two Viewpoints"—will be held tomorrow evening, November 14th, at 8 p.m. in Washington Hall. Two perspectives of the topic will be offered by Rev. David Burrell, C.S.C. and Dr. Gerald Giantonio. Their opening remarks will be followed by audience participation.

"The purpose of this program will be to provide an opportunity for students to hear two highly-

qualified men reflect in a very specific and personal way on an issue of deep concern," according to Father Thomas McNally, C.S.C., Associate Director of Campus Ministry, who is Chairman for the event.

Burrell, chairman of the theology department, is a Fulbright, Woodrow Wilson and Kent Fellowship winner. In addition to his academic duties, he is assistant rector of Grace Hall and has been a counsellor and friend of Notre Dame students for many years.

Giantonio is an assistant professor of psychology, and currently teaching a very popular course, "Topics in Human Sexuality," in which 100 students are enrolled.



# HUMAN SEXUALITY and the NOTRE DAME STUDENT: two viewpoints

Prof. G. Giantonio  
Rev. David Burrell  
Moderator: F. Giuffrida

Tues. Nov. 14  
8:00 p.m.  
Washington Hall

sponsored by campus ministry

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# Icers sweep Wolverines 5-2, 8-5

by Stan Urankar

Notre Dame's WCHA hockey fortunes were launched successfully over the weekend, as the Irish fought off sluggish defensive performances to sweep a four-point series with Michigan. Paul Regan, Eddie Bumbacco, and Ian Williams combined for 11 goals and nine assists, with each member of that trio scoring a three-goal "hat trick", and the Irish took a pair by scores of 5-2 and 8-5.

Despite the continued display of offensive power, coach "Lefty" Smith noted the need to shore up the defense. "We'll have to do much better when we go out to Denver this weekend," commented the Notre Dame boss. "Allowing seven goals is a very poor job."

"The team realizes this, though," Smith added. "We've cleared the first major hurdle of our goals—a sweep at home. Now we have to make sure to go out and do it on the road."

Assistant coach Tim McNeill also emphasized the need for backline improvement. "We have to maintain a consistent team balanced defense if we're to succeed in the WCHA," McNeill noted. "We were fortunate to open at home against Michigan, but now we have to look ahead."

Though both games were won by three goal margins, Michigan was much closer than the score indicated due mainly to the play of their outstanding goalie, Robbie Moore. The 5'5" freshman made 31 saves in Friday's game, and was going strong with 16 in about a period and a half of the finale before a severe knee injury forced him out of action.

"That kid is going to be one super goalie," co-captain Regan remarked after the opener. "Their defense is young and really hurts them but, without Moore, Michigan would be in even worse shape."

As luck would have it, the Wolverines were struck with just that situation with 8:05 to go in Saturday's second session, and the score knotted at 3-3. Soph Roy Bolles was forced into his first

netminding duties of the season, and the Irish capitalized quickly with three goals for a 6-4 advantage they never relinquished.

Bumbacco, top Irish scorer on the year (nine goals, eight assists) and Michigan's Gary Kardos exchanged first period scores, then Michel Jerry and Pierre Sarazin matched tallies by Regan and Ric Schafer before Moore was helped off the ice.

With the "Fanatics" howling at the uncertain Bolles, Notre Dame took quick control. Bumbacco deflected Williams' slot pass over Bolles' shoulder just a minute after the change.

Ray DeLorenzi, via passes from Pat Conroy and Bill Green, snuck behind the Wolverine defense to flick home a hard 25-foot wrist shot at 14:29. Sixty-seven seconds later, Bumbacco fed Regan out of the corner, and the senior center stuffed it in to make it 6-3.

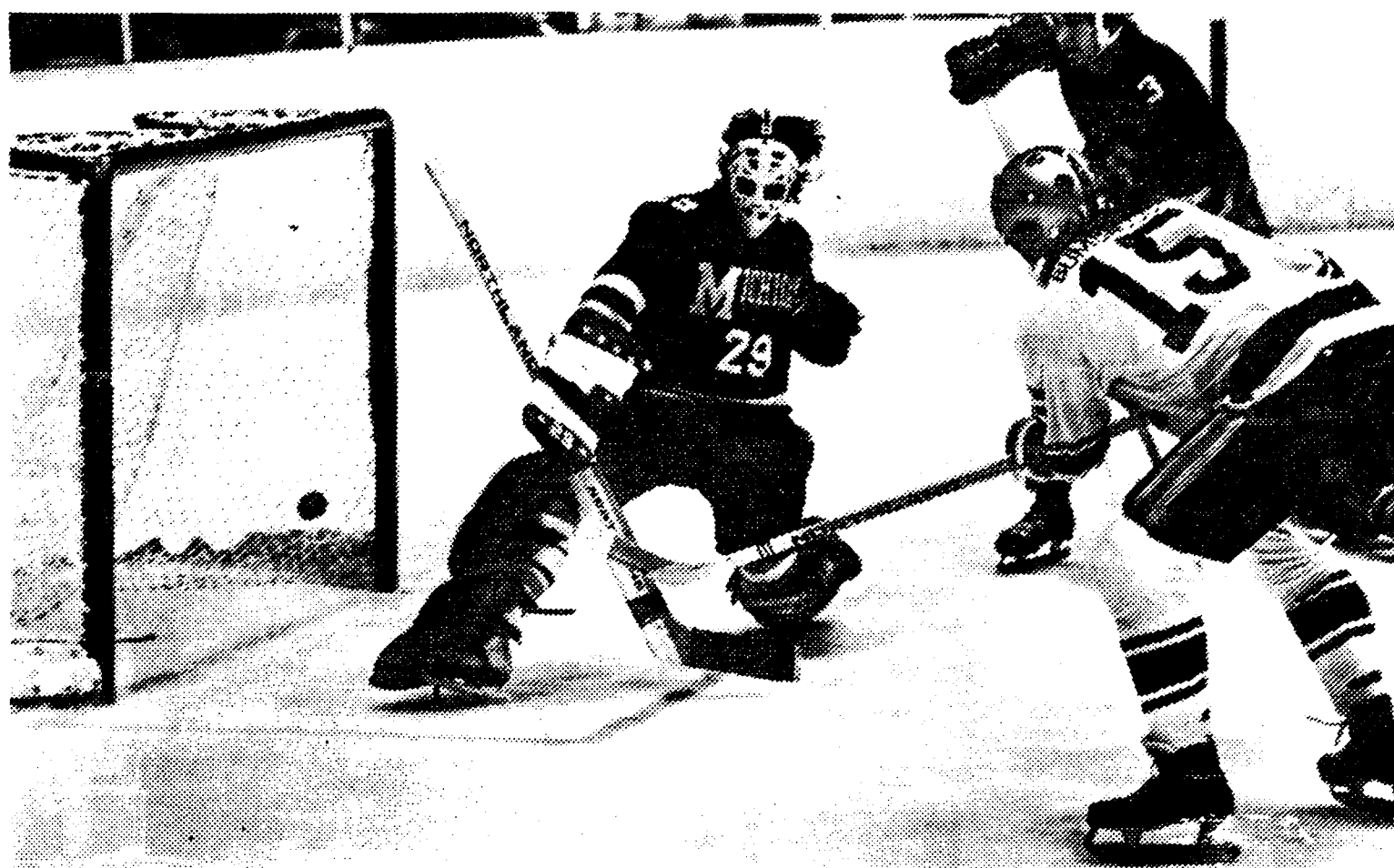
Michigan wasn't dead, though. Michel Jarry, top UM point producer last season, switched to defense Saturday and blasted three goals past Chris Cathcart, with the last two cutting the margin to 6-5, but then the Irish got on track again.

Regan flipped in a Bumbacco rebound at 14:08 to finish his hat trick, and the Sault Ste. Marie junior added his third goal at 17:49, stealing an errant Wolverine pass to beat Bolles on a breakaway while the Irish were shorthanded. The score was Bumbacco's third of the year in a man down situation.

Friday's duel saw Notre Dame almost totally dominate play, but again slip into lapses that kept Michigan close. Kardos and Randy Trudeau snuck away for a 2-on-1 break, with the former flipping a close one over Mark Kronholm's right shoulder at 3:19.

Williams then began his hat trick, with the Irish scoring during a Connelly slashing penalty. Steve Curry poked the puck loose at center ice and slipped it to Williams, who led a 3-on-2 advantage. The junior right wing then fired a hard riser past Moore to tie the score.

Williams hit twice again early in the second period. Regan and



Junior winger Eddie Bumbacco fires a short shot past Michigan goalie Robbie Moore in Saturday's victory over the Wolverines. Bumbacco had the hat trick in the game, boosting his team-leading goal total to nine.

Bumbacco set him up for a close shot over the prone Moore just 37 seconds into the stanza, then Regan once more centered right onto the Toronto native's stick, and Williams tipped it over Moore's right shoulder.

A bad clearing pass enabled the Wolves to cut it to 3-2 less than two minutes later. Jarry came up with the steal, and shoved the puck to Sarazin in front of the goal, as the Michigan freshman flipped a backhand behind Kronholm.

N.D. bounced out to ice it in the final session, with Bumbacco netting both goals. Bill Nyrop fed the left wing at center, and Bumbacco moved past UM captain Rick Mallette to fire a 25-foot boomer that Moore never had a chance on.

Williams then set up the final Irish tally. Moving past two Michigan defenders, he burst out of the corner and centered to Bumbacco alone in the slot, and the latter again went over Moore's shoulder at 4:37.

## CLASSIFIED ADS

### WANTED

Need Ride to C leveland on November 22. Call 4679

Need ride for one to MILWALKEE I can leave in the afternoon, Mon. 20 Nov. Call Paul 8276

Typing All Types Call Carol 259-2555

Need Turkey ride to or near Omaha, Neb. Can leave night November 20. Will help pay expenses. Call Chuck 1782

Ride needed to Syracuse-Binghamton-Scranton area for Thanksgiving. Call Dan 3702

TYPISTS: needed to volunteer their help during the Red Cross Blood Drive Nov. 30 and Dec. 1. Please call Pete, 3412

Need 6 tickets for Miami game. Need not be together Call John 1605

Need 4 Ten. Ad tix to Miami call 6701

4 Miami G.A. Tix: Ride home to Cleveland: John 8786

Ride needed to Kansas city at Thanksgiving George 7861

Need rides at hanksgiving to D.C. area for 3 girls. Will share expenses. Marianne 4197

Need riders to Minneapolis on Mon. Nov. 20th call 3377

Girl desires ride to Peoria, Illinois Sunday Nov. 19 Call 6865

Desperately need ride West for Thanksgiving. (to N.M.) Can leave 17th share expenses George 7965

Need Thanksgiving ride to Buffalo. will share expenses and driving. Call Mark 1782

Desperately need \$5.50 tickets for Yes. Will pay top dollar. Call John at 6891

Wanted Ride: to Boston or anywhere in Vrrmont on either Friday or Saturday Nov. 17 or 18. Will help share expenses. Call 234-4547 after 7:30 P.M.

Need 4 G.A. Tix for Miami. Call 1992

Need Thanksgiving ride to N.J. Leave Nov. 19 Drake 8427

Need ride East. Destination Boston leave Nov. 17. 8906

Need 4 Miami general admission tickets. Call Jim. 233-3629

Need ride to Princeton, New Jersey for Thanksgiving. Philly or Vicinity Will pay Call Tom 7852

Need ride to O'Hare Friday Nov. 17 Call Joe at 7471 or 2325633

### LOST AND FOUND

Lost: Woman's ring in Gym 1 of Convo Thursday night. Sentimental value Call 1067

Lost black I.D. Holden valuable call 4284

Lost: A pair of glasses in the vicinity of Nicki's. If found call 7930.

### NOTICES

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Tickets for Sale: Brownsville Station Raspberries concert, November 22, Cheech & Chong Concert, November 30. Morris Civic Auditorium. Call 8253

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### PERSONAL

Dear Steve from Cleveland Please stay at ND Love. Anne, Bonnie, Judy & Kate

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Happy 21st Ramie Pamie Love You Always Boop

Alice, Andy, Barb, Betsy, Blake, Bob, Denny, Floyd, George, Greg, Jack, Jay, Joe, John, Kay, Mari, Mack, Mike, Pat, Peter, Phil, Phoebe, Puth, Steve, et al: Defeat an never kill the dream. I love you. Al

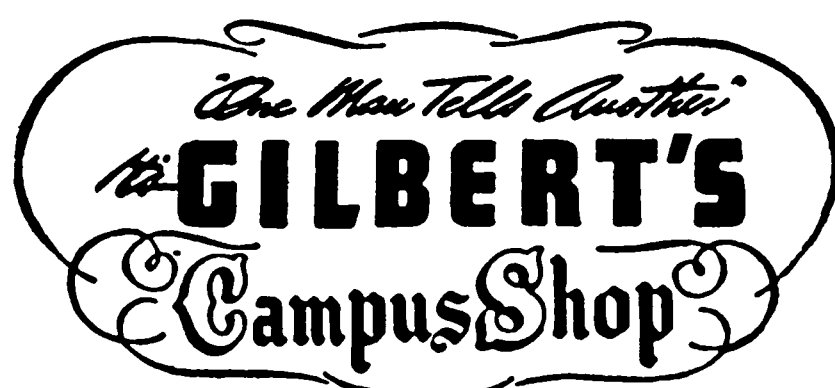
Where's Dave's Little brother?

## THINK AHEAD

And we all know what's ahead...a Michiana winter is ahead; and those of you who have been through at least one know that warm clothing is in order (jackets, outercoats, suburban coats, gloves, scarfs, etc.). We have in stock all the warm weather apparel you're going to need at prices you'll appreciate. Come See.

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ON THE CAMPUS . . . NOTRE DAME

# Irish see red in win over Falcons

by Jim Donaldson  
Sports Editor

The Air Force Academy Falcons and the six-man officiating crew tried to flag down Notre Dame's football team Saturday afternoon in Colorado Springs but found out that waving red in front of the Fighting Irish only makes them angry.

Despite an assessment of 82 yards in penalties, which cost Notre Dame at least another 75 yards in nullified gains, the Irish handed the stubborn Falcons a 21-7 setback.

The officials weren't hesitant about dropping their flags--the Falcons were penalized 95 yards--or blowing their whistles. Notre Dame had a 35 yard pass from Tom Clements to Willie Townsend wiped out in the first quarter because of a "quick" whistle.

The play began with a fake handoff to halfback Eric Penick plunging into the line, and Clements' sleight of hand was so good that referee Harvey Murdock ruled the play dead when Eric was tackled. The Falcons were fooled, too, as Townsend was wide open

upfield, but the officials apologized to the Irish--and then called the play back.

But neither the officials nor the Falcon defense could stop Notre Dame often enough to prevent the Irish from racking up their seventh win in eight games. Air Force, an earlier loser to both Army and Navy, dropped to 6-3.

"I've never been involved in a game where the officials dominated it so completely," Irish coach Ara Parseghian said. "I'll reserve judgement on some of those calls until after I've seen the films, but I think the officials outgained both teams."

"That was one of the most unusual games I've ever been involved in," Parseghian continued. "Some of the penalties called were totally unexplainable. It was very disturbing. I'm not intimating any dishonesty on the part of the officials, but there is such a thing as incompetency and that's what took place on the field."

Although Notre Dame ran only 66 plays to the Falcons' 77, the Irish outgained Air Force, 386 yards to

300. Led by Eric Penick's 82 yards in 12 carries, the Irish gained 294 yards rushing. With Clements connecting on seven of 13 attempts, they added 92 more through the air.

The Irish had been concerned about the Falcons' dangerous passing game that had accounted for over 1400 yards prior to Saturday's contest but the Falcons had no success through the airways against Notre Dame.

Switching from their usual 4-4-3 defensive alignment into a 4-3-4, the Irish limited the Falcons to a mere 99 yards passing as Air Force quarterback Rich Haynie completed just eight of 25 attempts and had four intercepted. Mike Townsend, who has been tremendous lately in the Irish secondary, was Haynie's chief nemesis, pulling down three passes to boost his interception total to seven on the year and six in the last three games.

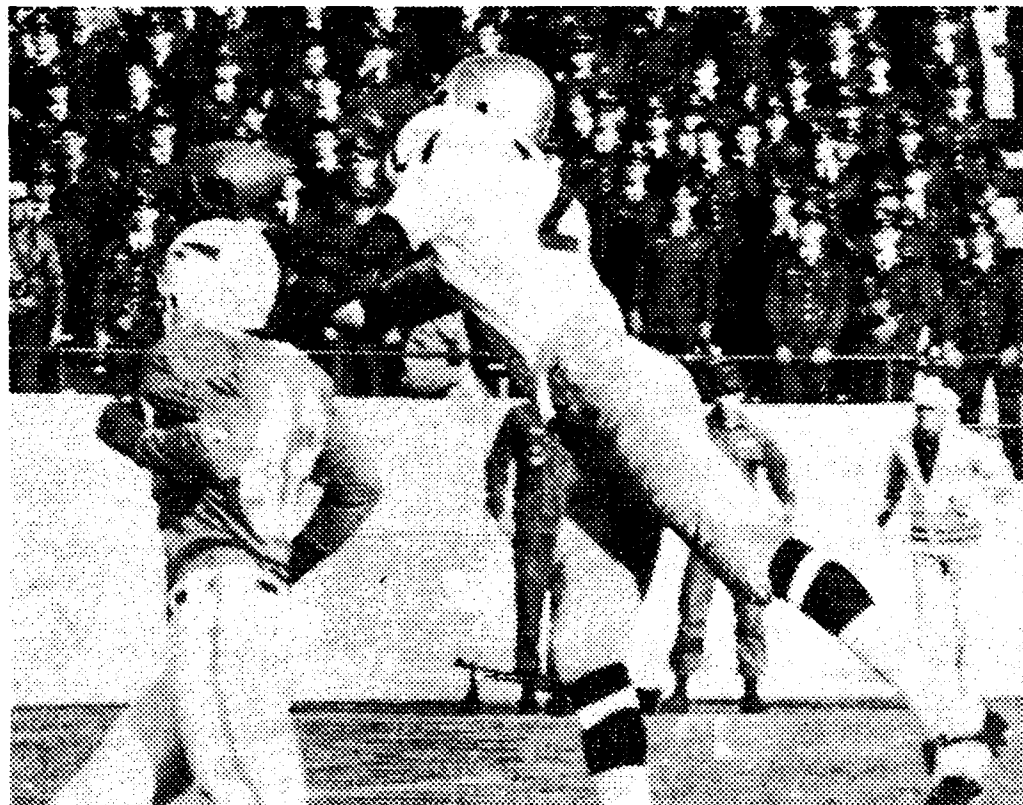
Offensively, however, the Irish weren't overpowering and the final outcome wasn't decided until Huff bulled into the end zone from 13 yards out to put the Falcons two touchdowns behind with just 5:07 remaining. The numerous penalties impeded Notre Dame's progress with the football and the Irish twice fumbled away scoring opportunities in the second half, raising their 1972 fumble total to 28, 17 of which have been lost.

Air Force, in fact, controlled the early action. The Falcons moved to the Irish 28 on their first possession before stalling. Dave Lawson was sent in to try a 52-yard field goal but his attempt fell short.

The Falcons weren't out of striking distance long, though. They drove inside Notre Dame's 20 as the first quarter ended and reached the 13 before Tim Rudnick intercepted a Haynie pass at the goal line on the third play of the second quarter and returned it 14 yards to end the threat.

The Irish finally started moving after a short punt by the Falcons' Jerry Colin, who averaged only 25.2 yards on six kicks, gave them field position at the ND 40.

Clements and Townsend combined on a 23-yard passing play that the officials could follow to open the drive and Townsend carried for 13 yards on a flanker reverse on the next play.



This acrobatic interception by Irish defensive back Mike Townsend, his sixth in the last three games, touched off.....

A holding penalty, one of several called against ND players moving downfield for blocking with their hands away from their body, slowed the Irish momentarily. But Huff caught a pass from Clements at the 15 and then ran for eight yards to give Notre Dame a first down at the seven. Gary Diminick darted across the goal line through a gaping hole in the left side just seconds later. Bob Thomas added the extra point, his 37th in succession, with 6:33 left in the half.

Notre Dame tallied its second touchdown late in the quarter, covering 78 yards in only six plays after Townsend's first interception gave the Irish possession with 1:32 to go.

At first, it looked as if Notre

Dame wasn't going anywhere. A running play lost a yard and another holding penalty nullified a long gain by Penick. Then Diminick made things come alive by ripping off a 23 yard gain and Penick quickly added 13 more.

A face mask penalty against the Falcons on Penick's run pushed the ball to the Air Force 23 and after Huff dropped a ball in the flat, Clements flipped a screen pass to Creaney, who carried to the 13.

Clements and Parseghian conferred on the sidelines during a timeout and, when play resumed, the soph quarterback rolled to his right and fired a strike to Townsend in a corner of the end zone. Thomas kicked the PAT with only six seconds remaining before halftime.

The Irish were moving the ball well at the outset of the second half but Penick cost them one scoring chance by losing a fumble at the Air Force 10 and the Irish saw another opportunity slip past when Thomas missed a 32-yard field goal a little later.

Those missing points looked important when the Falcons, thanks largely to a 51-yard run by Haynie, registered their only touchdown later in the quarter. Haynie's long gainer put the ball on the five and an ND penalty moved it half the distance to the goal. Joel Carlson took it the rest of the way and Lawson kicked the extra point with 1:45 to go in the quarter.

Staying largely on the ground, the Irish controlled the ball thereafter but didn't clinch their win until Huff's late score. Air Force set up the insurance touchdown by fumbling the ball away at their own 28. The miscue came just a few plays after Darryll Dewan had coughed up the ball at the Falcon 23 to end another Irish threat.

Freshman Jim Stock recovered the Falcons' bobble and Notre Dame powered into the end zone in five plays. Penick, Dewan and Huff carried for a first down at the 17. Clements added four yards and then Huff covered the remaining distance, bouncing off a couple of tacklers enroute to his ninth touchdown of the year. Thomas again converted.

The Irish will wind up their home schedule next Saturday, hosting the Miami (Fla.) Hurricanes.



This celebration. Co-captain John Dampier lifts the happy Townsend off his feet while Frank Pomarico (56) looks on. Townsend's three thefts tied an Irish record for interceptions in a game.

## ND jayvees beaten at Tennessee

by Greg Corgan

While the Notre Dame varsity has suffered numerous turnovers this season, the Irish JV's have played relatively error free football--that is until last Saturday in Knoxville. Plagued by seven fumbles and one interception, the junior Irish absorbed a 49-34 defeat at the hands of Tennessee's baby Volunteers.

Coach Denny Murphy summed up his team's performance in a couple of sentences. "There's not too much I can say. We played well enough to win if you disregard the turnovers. We had a definite edge in the statistics but, as I've said before, statistics are for losers."

The Fighting Irish were forced to play catch-up most of the afternoon as Tennessee got on the scoreboard first as the result of a 40-yard scoring toss. But Notre Dame came back to tie the game 7-7 on a 45-yard pass from quarterback Rick Slager to split end Kevin Doherty and Jack Stephan's extra point conversion. Since becoming the regular JV kicker Stephan, a sophomore walk-on, has scored 12 points and has yet to miss a field goal or extra point attempt.

Late in the first period, after an Irish fumble, Tennessee's Sid Witherington scampered 11 yards for a touchdown to put the Vols ahead 14-7. But the junior Irish again knotted the score late in the first half with Randy Payne going in from the two capping a 73-yard 18 play drive.

The Vols weren't done yet, however, and with 1:15 left in the half scored on a 15-yard pass from quarterback Jeff Wallace to split end Tom Servers to go ahead 21-14.

Tennessee opened the scoring in the second half with Witherington plunging over from the one and, after the extra point, Notre Dame trailed, 28-14. The tide seemed to turn, though, as Nick Federenko recovered a fumble that led to a 40 yard march in four plays with Tony Brantley's 27-yard reception from Slager good for the TD.

With the score 28-21, Jim Zloch picked off a Wallace aerial at the Tennessee 20 two plays later and Paul Linehan slashed over from the two for the score seconds later. Stephens' boot was good and, going into the final quarter, the game was tied at 28.

But soon after, following Slager's only interception of the afternoon, Witherington bolted 14 yards for another score to put the Irish behind again 35-28. Notre Dame tried to play catch-up again but two costly fumbles enabled the Vols to put 14 more points on the board. Witherington scored his fourth touchdown on a six-yard run and Sam Goode added six more points on a two-yard plunge, putting the game out of reach of the Irish.

The junior Irish put together a 76-yard 13 play drive with Linehan barreling over from the two, but it was too little too late.

Coach Murphy noted that Tennessee managed to score 28 points on only 95 yards of total offense and added, "you just can't

hand it over to a team that many times in four-down territory and win the game."

Murphy cited the exceptional performances of quarterback Slager, who was 16 for 30 for 187 yards and two touchdowns, and split end Kevin Doherty, who caught eight passes for 112 yards and one touchdown.

"Rich Slager played a good game," Murphy said, "besides his passing he rushed for 53 yards. Kevin Doherty played a fine game and has done a good job this season. He'll play a lot of ball here."

Saturday's game was the season finale for the junior Irish and dropped their record to 2-3.

STATISTICS			
Notre Dame		Tennessee	
First downs	23	20	
Rushing yardage	193	187	
Passing yardage	187	172	
Passes	16-30-1	5-14-1	
Return yardage	135	129	
Punts	3-37	4-33	
Fumbles lost	5	3	
Yards penalized	72	79	

Notre Dame.....7 7 14 6-34  
Tennessee.....14 7 7 21-49

T-Seivers 40 pass from Wallace (Sherman kick)  
ND-Doherty 45 pass from Slager (Stepan kick)  
T-Witherington 11 run (Sherman kick)  
ND-Payne 3 run (Stepan kick)  
T-Servers 15 pass from Wallace (Sherman kick)  
T-Witherington 1 run (Sherman kick)  
ND-Brantley 27 pass from Slager (Stepan kick)  
ND-Linehan 2 run (Stepan kick)  
T-Witherington 14 run (Sherman kick)  
T-Witherington 6 run (Aaron kick)  
T-Goode 2 run (Aaron kick)  
ND-Linehan 2 run (pass failed)

### Team Statistics

Notre Dame		Air Force	
First downs rushing	13	11	
First downs passing	4	5	
First downs			
penalties	2	0	
Total first downs	19	16	
Rushing attempts	52	52	
Yds. gained rushing	309	232	
Yds. lost rushing	15	31	
Net yds. gained			
rushing	294	201	
Passes attempted	14	25	
Passes completed	7	8	
Passes had			
intercepted	1	4	
Yds. gained passing	92	99	
Number of plays	66	77	
Total offense	386	300	
Punts	7	7	
Punting average	42.1	27.7	
Punts returned	1	6	
Yds. punts returned	3	37	
Kickoffs returned	1	2	
Yds. kickoffs			
returned	20	55	
Penalties	8	10	
Yds. penalized	82	95	
Fumbles lost	2	1	

### Individual Statistics

**NOTRE DAME**  
Rushing — Huff 14-76, Diminick 14-72, Clements 8-42, Penick 12-82, W. Townsend 1-13, Dewan 2-8, Bullock 1-1.  
Passing — Clements, 7-13-0, 92 yards; Samuel 1-0-1.  
Receiving — W. Townsend 3-58, Huff 2-23, Creaney 2-11.  
Punting — Doherty, 7-295 for 42.1.  
Punt returns — M. Townsend 1-3.  
Kickoff returns — Huff 1-20.  
Interception returns — Rudnick, 1-14, M. Townsend 3-0.  
**AIR FORCE**  
Rushing — Mark 14-44, Berry 10-30, Haynie 12-95, Carlson 15-29, Gessert 1-3.  
Passing — Haynie 8-25-4, 99 yards.  
Receiving — Berry 1-4, Smith 2-31, Murray 2-29, Murphy 1-22, Mark 1-4, Carlson 1-9.  
Punting — Olin 6-151 for 25.2; Brown 1-43.  
Punt returns — Olin 4-28, Mark 2-9.  
Kickoff returns — Mark 1-20, Carlson 1-35.

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