54/66

For release in PM's, Monday, April 5th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 5 -- A scholarship in the departments of chemistry and chemical engineering of the University of Notre Dame has been established by The O'Brien Corporation, South Bend, (Ind.) paint manufacturer, it was announced today by the Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., university president.

Founded in memory of the late Jerome J. Crowley, Sr., Chairman of the Board at O'Brien, the grant provides for a two-year full tuition scholarship for a student majoring in chemistry or chemical engineering. The recipient of the new scholarship will be announced in June. Earlier, The O'Brien Corporation established scholarships in memory of Patrick O'Brien, founder of the company, and George L. O'Brien, a former president.

Juniors who have demonstrated an interest in paint technology will be eligible for the scholarship. The recipient must be willing to work as a trainee in the O'Brien Corporation laboratories during the Summer vacations between his sophomore and junior, and junior and senior years. However, there is no obligation to work for the company after graduation.

The winner of the O'Brien scholarship will be chosen by the heads of the chemistry and chemical engineering departments and the University Scholarship Committee. Selection will be based on interest in paint technology, scholastic record, leadership qualities and need for financial assistance.

In establishing the scholarship, Jerome J. Crowley, Jr., president of The O'Brien Corporation, said: "Here at O'Brien's, we recognize the paint industry's need for young men trained in the fundamentals of chemistry. Last year, the industry had total sales of nearly \$1,500,000 and is growing steadily. In recent years, it has become part and parcel of the fast-changing, highly technical plastics industry. We hope that this program will be sufficiently successful to encourage other paint manufacturers to establish similar scholarships."

54/67

For release in AM's, Tuesday, April 6th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 5 --- Four University of Notre Dame students have been awarded National Science Foundation fellowships for graduate study during 1954-55, it was announced here today by the Rev. Paul E. Beichner, C.S.C., Dean of the Graduate School. Eleven other Notre Dame students were accorded honorable mention in the nationwide competition. Father Beichner said.

The fellowship winners, all of whom will be graduated from Notre Dame in June, include Richard C. Pilger, West Palm Beach, Florida; Robert J. Ballengee, New Rochelle, New York; Edward R. Byrne, Kenmore, New York; and John A. Poirier, Harlowton, Montana.

They may pursue their graduate studies at any properly accredited institution in the United States or abroad. The fellowships provide a \$1,400 stipend as well as allowances for tuition, dependents and other normal expenses.

Students competing for the fellowships were required to take examinations for scientific aptitude and achievement. The test scores, academic record and recommendations regarding each candidate's abilities were then considered by panels of outstanding scientists in the respective fields of the candidates.

Students receiving honorable mention in the competition include Louis R. Haefele, Colorado Springs, Colo.; David H. Scheiber, Tiffin, Ohio; James E. Sturm, New Ulm, Minn.; Philip V. Lopresti, Johnstown, Pa.; Arnold P. Stokes, Valla Walla, Wash.; Richard L. Uschold, Buffalo, N.Y.; Anthony J. Kennedy, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Joseph W. Simmons, York, Pa.; Ronald A. Thiel, Dyer, Ind.; Paul V. Harrone, Niagara Falls, N.Y.; and David Dwyer Smith, Cheyenne, Wyo. Smith was graduated from Notre Dame in 1951, and now is a member of the U.S. Navy.

54/68

For release in AM's, Thursday, April 8:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 7 - Thousands of laboratory slides and several anatomical models valued at a total of more than \$6,000 have been given to the University of Notre Dame's biology department by Dr. J. B. McCormick, Chicago pathologist, it was announced here today by the Rev. Robert J. Sheehan, C.S.C., department head. Dr. McCormick, a 1947 Notre Dame graduate, is owner of the Histoslide Company in Chicago.

The collection includes approximately ten thousand slides for use in the study of embryology, microscopic anatomy, general zoology, botany, parasitology and other fields of biological science. The models consist of twelve excellent unbreakable plastic reproductions that are currently used in standard courses. in general botany and general zoology.

Dr. McCormick learned model and slide-making techniques from Dr. John D. Mizelle while an undergraduate at Notre Dame. He received his medical degree at the University of Illinois and later established the Histoslide Company.

end

Dist. 3 and 7

Mailed April 1, 1954

54/69

For immediate release:

Indianapolis, Ind., Mar. 31: -- The personal papers of a 93-year-old labor leader, recording a half-century of the history of the American labor movement, were presented here today to the University of Notre Dame.

Frank Duffy, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor from 1913 to 1948 and secretary of the International Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners for 48 years, presented the material to the Rev. James E. Norton, C.S.C., vice-president in charge of student affairs at the University.

In accepting Mr. Duffy's papers, which will be housed in the University Archives, Father Norton said they will be "an invaluable source of material for scholars studying the turbulent growth of the labor movement under such leaders as Mr. Duffy."

Duffy, who retired as a union officer in 1948, recalled that he nominated Samuel Gompers for the office of president of the American Federation of Labor at its national convention in 1904. He later nominated the late William Green for the same post. For many years, Duffy served as editor of THE CARPENTERS, official publication of the Carpenters and Joiners Brotherhood. Included in his papers are many of the editorials which he wrote as well as his speeches and correspondence.

Duffy was born in Ireland in May, 1861, and came to New York City at about the age of twenty. He became a carpenter and active in union affairs from the start. He is a widower and the father of seven children, three of whom are living.

end

54/70

For release Sunday, April 4th or thereafter:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 3 -- The Catholic Church in World Affairs, a survey of the problems and activities of the Church in the contemporary world, was published here today by the University of Notre Dame Press, Edited by Dr. Waldemar Gurian and Dr. M. A. Fitzsimons of the Notre Dame faculty, the book embodies the contributions of sixteen authorities on various aspects of twenthieth century Catholicism. It has been chosen as the April selection of the Catholic Book.Club.

"The Church is neither liberal nor conservative." Dr. Gurian writes in the introduction to the volume. "She is a child of particular times, but not inseparably married to any. She has to teach and bring salvation to all periods of history with their changing social order and atmosphere. She is not just the Church of the nineteenth or the twentieth century; though she participates in all centuries, she is not bound to any of them. She is the embodiment of history and tradition, just because she knows their changes, developments and adaptations to new needs."

United States, Latin America, England, France, Spain and Germany. Other sections deal with a variety of subjects including the Church-State problem, the Church and human rights, papal diplomacy and the status of the missions.

Among the contributors to <u>The Catholic Church in World Affairs</u> are the Rev. John Courtney Murray, S.J., editor of <u>Theological Studies</u>; Rev. Thomas T. McAvoy, C.S.C., Head of the Notre Dame history department; Yves R. Simon, member of the Committee on Social Thought, University of Chicago; Adrien Dansette, French historian; and Rev. Peter Masten Dunne, S.J., professor of history at the University of San Francisco.

54/71

For release in PM's, Friday, April 9th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 9 -- The Rev. Daniel A. Lord, S. J., will give a spiritual retreat to Notre Dame's senior class tomorrow and Sunday. The retreat will open tomorrow at 7:00 a.m. with Mass in Sacred Heart Church on the campus. It will close with a Holy Hour in the Church on Sunday at 5:00 p.m.

Sponsored by the senior class, the Blue Circle and the University's Religion Department, the retreat will be attended by more than 750 Notre Dame students who will receive their degrees in June.

During the spiritual conferences, Father Lord is expected to discuss such subjects as "Prayer -- Family Rosary"; "Devotion to Mary"; "Ethics in the Business World"; "The Married State"; "Responsibility of Catholic Service Men"; and "The Apostolate -- Converts".

Since 1925, Father Lord has been editor of THE QUEEN'S WORK, St.

Louis. Moted as a counsellor to youth, he has written more than a score of books, pamphlets and plays. He is the author of Planning Your Happy Marriage, Notes for the Guidance of Parents, These Tales Are True, Questions I'm Asked About Marriage and many others.

Father Lord organized The Sodality of Our Lady in 1925, and is the organizer-director of The Summer School of Catholic Action founded in 1931. He was educated at Loyola University, Chicago, and St. Louis University, and was ordained in 1928.

end

54/72

For release in Ali's, Friday, April 9th:

Notre Dane, Ind., Apr. 8 -- A new building to house the Notre Dame Bookstore will be erected on the campus in the near future, it was announced today by the Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., university president.

Construction of the building has been made possible by a gift from Mr. and Mrs. Romy Hammes of Kankakee, Illinois, Father Hesburgh said. As president of Romy Hammes Enterprises, Inc., Hammes operates auto dealerships in Kankakee and South Bend, Ind., and has established housing developments in Kankakee and Joliet, Ill., Fort Lee, N.J. and Las Vegas, Nev.

"Notre Dame is deeply grateful to Mr. and Mrs. Hammes for this practical gift which fills a genuine need on our campus," Father Hesburgh said. "The growth of the University in recent years has made the facilities of the present Bookstore inadequate. The handsome structure to be erected through the generosity of Mr. and Mrs. Hammes attests to their concern for the development of Notre Dame. The University is privileged to number them among its most devoted friends."

The new building, to be erected at a cost of approximately \$250,000, will be situated along the new quadrangle between Badin Hall and the Post Office. It will be constructed of buff brick with a slate roof. Its architecture will harmonize with other campus structures.

The main section of the building will be two stories tall with a 63-foot frontage and a depth of 130 feet. The west wing of the structure, one story in height, will also have a 63-foot frontage, but it will be recessed 80 feet from the front of the other section. The two sections of the building will be joined by a colonnade or covered walk adjacent to the building on the south and west.

The two-story section of the building will have 16,400 feet of floor space while the one-story west wing will have 3,000 square feet of floor area. The new building has been designed by Professor Frank Montana, Head of the Notre Dame architecture department, in association with Robert Schultz, also of the University architecture faculty. Contracts for construction will be let in a few weeks.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Hammes have long been interested in the University of Notre Dame and its development. Mr. Hammes is a member of the College of Commerce Advisory Council, and Mrs. Hammes is active in the work of the Women's Advisory Council of the University.

Their support of the Church and Catholic education was recognized by Pope Pius XII in 1951 when Mr. Hammes received the Order of St. Gregory the Great, and Mrs. Hammes was honored with the medal "Pro Ecclesia et Pontifice." Each of the Hammes housing developments bear the name "Marycrest" in honor of the Virgin Mary. In each of them, Hammes has made provision for churches and Catholic schools.

Mr. and Mrs. Hammes have given substantial support for the construction of churches and chapels in North Carolina, Formosa, Africa and Japan. They have also assisted in the erection of an orphanage for thousands of homeless children in postwar Italy.

Recognized as a civic leader in Mankakee, Mr. Hammes is a former president of that city's Chamber of Commerce and is active in many civic and professional groups. He is also a member of the advisory board to the Commanding General of the Fifth Army on business matters.

end

54/73

For release in AM's, Friday, April 16th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 15 - Samuel Cardinal Stritch, Archbishop of Chicago, will officiate at the formal opening of the eighth annual Vocation Institute at the University of Notre Dame the evening of July 15th, it was announced here today by the Rev. John H. Wilson, C.S.C., Institute director. Cardinal Stritch will preach the sermon and be the celebrant at Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at the Grotto of Our Lady of Lourdes on the campus, Father Wilson said.

The occasion will be a major observance of the Marian Year at Notre Dame. It will be marked by a candlelight procession to the Grotto, a replica of the famous shrine at Lourdes, France. Two-thousand priests, religious and laymen attending Summer School at Notre Dame and nearby St. Mary's College are expected to take part in the procession and hear the Cardinal's sermon.

The Most Rev. Paul C. Schulte, Archbishop of Indianapolis, will deliver the keynote address of the Vocation Institute the following morning (July 16th). Sessions of the Institute will continue through July 18th when the Most Rev. William T. Mulloy, Bishop of Covington, Ky., will address the assembly. The annual meeting has become a center for the exchange of information on the fostering and guidance of vocations to the priesthood and religious life.

Dist 3 and 7

For immediate release:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. -- Roads to Rome, a new volume of convert stories edited by the Rev. John A. O'Brien of the University of Notre Dame, has just been published by Macmillan Company of New York City. Coming in the wake of claims that 4,000,000 Catholics had abandoned their Faith for Protestantism in the last four years, the book includes the personal account of sixteen prominent men and women who embraced Catholicism.

Scholars, scientists, historians, theologians, philosophers, doctors, a general and authors of international renown have contributed to the volume.

Major General James C. Fry, one of the most distinguished officers of the United States Army, tells how a lifetime of study and research dissipated all doubts concerning the divine establishment of the Catholic Church.

Helen M. Fowler, a leading Australian novelist and author of The Intruder. describes her pilgrimage through the marshlands of doubt to the highroad of belief and ultimately to the door of the Catholic Church where she found peace and happiness.

Dr. Marshall W. Baldwin, professor of history at New York University, writes how his research in history led him, as it did his friend, Professor Carlton J. H. Hayes of Columbia, into the Catholic fold. Professor Baldwin's father was a professor at Yale and he, along with his wife, likewise entered the Church although their son is a member of the Anglican Order of the Holy Cross.

Gene Fowler, Anne Fremantle, Mary O'Hara, Dr. John C. H. Wu, Helene Magaret, R. W. Keyserlingk, and Thomas A. Brady are some of the other noted writers and scholars represented in the volume who tell moving and dramatic stories of their conversion to the Catholic Faith.

Dist 3 Mailed April 9, 1954

54/75

For release Sunday, April 11th or thereafter:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 10 - William A. Meyer, a senior in Notre Dame's College of Commerce from Cleveland, Ohio, has been selected as the University's representative to attend "Inside Advertising Week" in New York City, April 18-23, it was announced here today by Dean James E. McCarthy. The annual event is sponsored by the National Association of Advertising Men and Women in cooperation with leading newspapers, advertising agencies and advertisers.

During "Inside Advertising Week," Meyer and outstanding advertising students from 49 other colleges and universities, will see and learn at first hand about all phases of advertising through a series of conferences, tours, lectures and luncheons.

Meyer is one of 150 students enrolled in advertising classes at Notre Dame taught by Professor Ronald S. O'Neill. He was selected to represent the University by a faculty committee of the College of Commerce. The son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Meyer of the Westlake Hotel, Cleveland, Meyer intends to take up advertising as a career after receiving his Bachelor of Science degree in June.

Meyer's campus activities, particularly along advertising and promotion lines, have been outstanding. He was chairman of the Marketing Club's Fall project in 1953; assistant publicity chairman of the 1954 Bengal Bouts; business manager of the 1954 Senior Ball; and co-chairman of the 1953 Student Football trip. He is also president of the Cleveland Club of Notre Dame.

At New York, Meyer will be eligible for the award given annually to the "Outstanding Advertising Student in America."

Mailed April 9, 1954

For release in PM's, Monday, April 12th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 12 -- Two University of Notre Dame students have been awarded National Woodrow Wilson Fellowships for graduate study during 1954-1955.

They are Joseph Zangerle, 1339 Leeper Avenue, South Bend, Indiana, and John A. Burns, Jr., 147 Mookua Street, Lanikai, Hawaii.

Zangerle, a senior history major in Notre Dame's College of Arts and Letters, will study modern European history at the University of Pennsylvania, He is the son of Mrs. Ernest Clark and the late Mr. Joseph Zangerle of South Bend. A 1950 graduate of South Bend's Central High School, Zangerle received a four-year scholarship from the Notre Dame Club of the St. Joseph Valley (South Bend). He is a member of the History Club at the University.

Burns, who has majored in English in the College of Arts and Letters, will continue studies in that field at the University of Chicago. He is editor of The Juggler, campus literary quarterly, and has written a number of poems. Burns was graduated from St. Louis College High School, Honolulu, in 1950. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Burns.

Moodrow Wilson Fellowships are one-year awards for young scholars showing "marked promise for the teaching profession and possessing the highest qualities of intellect, character, and personality." Awards were made this year to 119 men and 25 women in 101 colleges and universities in the United States and Canada. The University of Notre Dame is one of 27 institutions with two or more successful candidates in the annual national competition.

For release in AM's, Wednesday, April 14th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 13 - The second annual Sales and Advertising Conference will be held at the University of Notre Dame on April 29th, it was announced today by Dean James E. McCarthy of the College of Commerce. Dean McCarthy said that the theme for this year's sessions would be "1960 - The Key to Today's Planning."

M. Joseph Meehan, Director of the Office of Business Economics, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., will keynote the conference with an address (9:30 a.m.) in the Engineering Auditorium on the campus. Ross Roy, president of Ross Roy, Inc., Detroit advertising agency, will speak at the conference banquet in The Morris Inn (7:30 p.m.). He will discuss "How To Meet the Creative Challenge of 1960."

Other conference speakers and their subjects include Burleigh Gardner, executive director of Social Research, Inc., Chicago, Ill., "Social Science Research, A Necessary Tool for Selling in 1960"; Frank W. Lovejoy, sales executive of Socony Vacuum Oil Co., New York City, "Scientific Selling -- 1960"; Frank Japha, executive director, National Advertising Agency Network, St. Louis, Mo., "Advertising Crisis of 1960"; E. S. McKay, special executive consultant, General Electric Co., New York City, "The Marketing Revolution of 1960"; and George M. Benson, director of sales and research, The Ford Foundation, New York City, "The Television Giant of 1960".

More than 300 Midwest advertising and marketing specialists are expected to attend the sessions. The conference is sponsored by the University of Notre Dame, the Sales and Advertising Executives Club of the St. Joseph Valley and the South Bend Asso. of Commerce. G. Herbert True, assistant professor of marketing at the University, is conference chairman.

Dist 3 and 7 end Mailed Apr. 9, 1954

For release in EM's, Thursday, April 15th:

54/78

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 15 -- Anne Fremantle, noted novelist, biographer, editor, translator and poet, will serve on the staff of the sixth annual Writers' Conference at the University of Notre Dame, June 28-July 3, according to an ananouncement today by Professor Louis Hasley, conference director. Mrs. Fremantle is a contributing editor of COMMONWEAL, an editorial board member of the Catholic Book Club, and an instructor in creative writing at Fordham University.

Other members of the Writers' Conference staff will include Warren Beck, prominent Midwest writer and professor of English at Lawrence College, Appleton, Wisc.; Henry Rago, poet and critic and associate professor of humanities at the University of Chicago; Richard Sullivan, novelist and short story writer and a member of the Notre Dame faculty; and John T. Frederick, author and critic, also a Notre Dame faculty member.

Mrs. Fremantle, a native of England, is an Oxford graduate who received a master's degree at the London School of Economics. Before coming to the United States in 1942 she had served as editor of The London Mercury, reviewer for The New Statesman and the Times Literary Supplement, special correspondent for the London Times, the Manchester Guardian and other papers, and writer and broadcaster for the BBC.

Mrs. Fremantle is the author of seven books including <u>Poems</u> and a successful novel, <u>James and Joan</u>. She has edited five anthologies and translated two works on the lives of the saints. Her most recent book is <u>Christian Conversation</u>.

Professional duties keep Mrs. Fremantle in New York City much of the time, but she reserves weekends to be with her husband, Christopher Fremantle, and their three sons at their home in Princeton.

54/79

For release in PM's, Friday, April 16th:

New York, N. Y., Apr. 16 - The University of Notre Dame Glee Club will appear on Ed Sullivan's "Toast of the Town" show on the CBS Television Network Sunday at 8:00 p.m. EST. This will be the sixth consecutive year that the Notre Dame singers, directed by Professor Daniel H. Pedtke, will have performed on Sullivan's Easter Sunday program.

Earlier in the day, the Glee Club will appear at the Hotel Pierre
Easter Luncheon, an annual event for celebrities taking part in the famous
Easter Parade along Fifth Avenue.

The two New York engagements are part of a 2,500 mile Glee Club concert tour during the Easter vacation period. The Glee Club will present concerts in Summit, New Jersey on April 19th; at Philadelphia's Melrose Academy, April 21st; Brentwood, Pennsylvania, April 22nd; and Sharon, Pa., April 23rd.

Glee Club soloists include Eugene Gorski, Chicago, Ill.; John Noland, Hamilton, Ohio; and Daniel J. Coleman, Clare, Iowa. Richard B. Casper, Roselle Park, New Jersey, is the accompanist.

Mailed April 9, 1954

For release in PM's, Monday, April 19:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 19 -- Professor Robert E. Sullivan of the Notre Dame College of Law today was named assistant dean of the law school at Montana State University at Missoula. His appointment, effective August 1st, was announced by Dr. Carl McFarland, president of the Montana institution.

Sullivan, a Notre Dame alumnus, joined the faculty of his alma mater in 1947. A specialist in oil and gas law, he is the author of <u>Handbook on Oil and Gas Law</u> soon to be published by Prentice-Hall. In 1953 Sullivan was appointed by Governor George N. Craig of Indiana to represent the Hoosier state on the Legal Committee of the Interstate Oil Compact Commission. He has served as executive secretary of the Notre Dame Law Association since 1948.

Sullivan was born in Helena, Montana, and was graduated from St. Helena parochial school and Carroll High School in that city. He received his bachelor of arts degree at Notre Dame in 1940 and his law degree in 1946. His law studies at Notre Dame were interrupted by four years of active duty as an Air Force major in the European theater of operations.

During his undergraduate days at Notre Dame, Sullivan played on the varsity football team for three years, earning a monogram as a guard for the "Fighting Irish." He was football coach at Central Catholic High School, Fort Wayne, Indiana, during the 1947 season.

In 1943, Sullivan married the former Eleanor M. Laux of Cleveland, Ohio. They have one son and four daughters.

54/81

For release in AM's, Sunday, April 18th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 17 -- The University of Notre Dame Band left the campus today (Saturday) on a 3,000 mile concert tour of eleven cities in the Midwest and Great Plains states.

The fifty-five musicians, under the direction of Robert F. O'Brien, will present a varied program ranging from Richard Wagner's "Rienzi Overture" to Richard Rodgers "Blue Moon." The Band also will play selections from Gershwin's "Porgy and Bess" and introduce "Scherzo for Band," a new composition by the Rev. George C. Hager, C.S.C. of the Notre Dame music department faculty.

Soloists on the concert tour include Donald Gels, Chicago, Ill.; Edmund Pistey, Bridgeport, Conn.; Henry P. Krienke, South Bend, Ind.; Frank J. Fischer, Babson Park, Fla.; and Robert F. Brown, Bismarck, N. D..

The Band's concert itinerary includes Decatur, Ill., Apr. 17;

Kansas City, Mo., Apr. 18; Hays, Kans., Apr. 19; Liberal, Kans., Apr. 20;

Amarillo, Tex., Apr. 21; Cheyenne, Wyo., Apr. 23; McCook, Neb., Apr. 24;

Cmaha, Neb. and Boystown, Apr. 25; Chillicothe, Mo., Apr. 26; St.Louis, Mo.,

Apr. 27; and Kankakee, Ill., Apr. 28.

54/82

For release in PM's, Wednesday, April 21st:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 21 -- Kamal Hossain, a junior in Notre Dame's College of Arts and Letters from Dacca, Pakistan, has received an undergraduate research grant from The Social Science Research Council to study the problem of Asiatic illiteracy. In his research Hossain will concentrate on the problem of illiteracy in Pakistan, using material from the Pakistan census and other documentary sources.

Hossain's research grant provides a stipend of \$600 plus an expense allowance of \$100. He will begin the research this Summer and expects to complete it during his senior year at Notre Dame. John E. Hughes, instructor in sociology at the University, will serve as faculty sponsor for the project.

The Social Science Research Council provides undergraduate research grants to afford qualified students an opportunity to consider the scientific study of human behavior as a career. The project must consist of scientific research on some problem of human behavior at a level at which the student will be able, with guidance, to participate actively in all phases of the research rather than merely to perform routine tasks set for him by another.

For release in PM's, Friday, April 23rd:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 23 — Seventy-five years ago today, on April 23, 1879, the University of Notre Dame was all but destroyed by fire. Fortunately there were no casualties — the fire started at eleven in the morning ——but the flames razed four structures, including the Main Building whose magnificent Golden Dome plunged into the smouldering debris. The fire of 1879 brought to Notre Dame the greatest crisis it has experienced before or since.

Within a few hours, the disastrous blaze had wiped out the result of thirty-seven years' work by Father Edward Sorin, C.S.C., founder of Notre Dame, and the other Holy Cross priests and laymen who had built a university in the northern Indiana wilderness. Only one-fifth of the \$200,000 loss, staggering in those days, was covered by insurance. Father William Corby, C.S.C., then president of the University, decided that the students should be sent home, but he promised that they would find a bigger and better Notre Dame when they returned in September.

Father Sorin had left the campus a few days before the fire for a trip to his native France. The 65-year-old priest had travelled as far as Montreal when he received word of the tragedy that had come to his beloved Notre Dame. Returning immediately to the campus, the aging priest surveyed the still smouldering ruins and then summoned his fellow priests and other faculty members to Sacred Heart Church, one of the few campus buildings which escaped the flames.

A man of lesser courage and trust in God might have broken in the crisis. But in a spirit to be manifested again and again in later years by Notre Dame men, Father Sorin declared: "If it were all gone, I should not give up!"

"This fire has been my fault," Father Sorin told his colleagues. "I came here with the vision of a great university and named it after the Mother of God. Then, I built a great building, so I thought. But she had to burn it to the ground to show me that my vision was too narrow. Tomorrow, when the bricks are cooled, we will clean them and begin again. But this time, we will build a really large building, and when it is finished, we will place a magnificent Golden Dome above it to show to all the glory of Notre Dame, the Mother of God, who has inspired my life's work."

barrow and going about the task of building a greater Notre Dame. Ground was broken for the new Administration Building on May 17th. By the Fourth of July, at a pace of construction difficult to match even today, three stories of the structure had been completed. When 324 students returned to the campus in September, they marvelled at the new building, the major portion of it completed and substantially the same as it is today.

Notre Dame has been building and growing ever since. The Administration Building, still at the heart of the University, is now surrounded by over fifty buildings, more than half of them built since 1930. The student body numbering a little over three-hundred in 1879, now stands at 5,400, the largest in Notre Dame's 112-year history. The University has experienced a number of crises in its century of existence and doubtless others will come in the future, but none is likely to match the fire of 1879.

The courage and determination of Father Sorin and his companions seventy-five years ago might well have inspired the phrase sung with such conviction today by the friends of Notre Dame: "What the odds be great or small..."

For release in AM's, Friday, April 23rd:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 22 -- Thousands of alumni and friends of the University of Notre Dame will gather in more than a hundred cities for the 31st annual observance of Universal Notre Dame Night during the week of April 26th (Monday).

Vice-President Richard M. Nixon and the Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., president of Notre Dame, will be guests of honor at the Washington, D. C. observance in the Sheraton-Carlton Hotel Monday evening.

Father Hesburgh will attend similar events at Philadelphia and Detroit on Tuesday and Wednesday respectively. Ralph D. Paine, Jr., Publisher of FORTUNE, and Major-General Frank A. Armstrong, Commanding General of the Second Air Force, will be speakers at the Detroit dinner. John J. Bugas, vice-president of the Ford Motor Company, will be the toastmaster.

The Rev. Edmund P. Joyce, C.S.C., executive vice-president of the University, will address Universal Notre Dame Night dinners at St.Louis and Indianapolis on Monday and Tuesday. The Rev. John J. Cavanaugh, C.S.C., director of the Notre Dame Foundation and former president of the University, will speak at similar observances at Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, Johnstown, Dallas and Houston.

Terry Brennan, new head football coach at Notre Dame, will be the principal speaker at the Universal Notre Dame Night dinner sponsored by the Chicago alumni club. In all, twenty-one University officials will address alumni groups in fifty-eight cities from coast-to-coast. Some clubs will have local speakers.

"Great Teaching" is the theme for this year's national observance.

Notre Dame recently inaugurated a Faculty Development Program designed to add

forty-five distinguished professors to the University faculty and to provide for

the advancement of present faculty members.

For release Sunday, April 25th, or thereafters

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. -- Forty-three working models of inventions conceived by Leonardo da Vinci nearly five-hundred years ago will be exhibited in the O'Shaughnessy Hall galleries at the University of Notre Dame from April 25th to May 23rd (2 to 5 p.m. daily). Famous the world over for his paintings of the "Last Supper" and the "Mona Lisa," Leonardo was also the most prolific inventor the world has ever known. He is credited with 300 inventions ranging from a primitive airplane to an air-conditioning machine.

Included in the Notre Dame exhibit are models of Leonardo's airplane, parachute, spring-driven car, military tank and two-way canal lock. The canal lock, still in use in Milan, is much the same type to be found today in similar waterways throughout the world. Leonardo also invented a time-telling device similar to a grandfather's clock and an excavating machine.

Leonardo investigated almost every known branch of engineering and science including architecture, botany, anatomy, geology, geography, hydraulics and nautics, aerology and flight. More than 300 sketches of his inventions exist today. From these sketches Dr. Roberto Guatelli, foremost Leonardo authority, has built the present set of models. They have been exhibited in museums and galleries throughout the country since they were acquired by the International Business Machines Corporation in 1951.

An earlier set of models was built by Dr. Guatelli for an exposition at Milan in 1938. Later the models were shipped to Japan where they were destroyed by bombs during World War II. Dr. Guatelli himself, who had accompanied the exhibit to Tokyo, was confined in a concentration camp. When he returned to the United States after the war, he began constructing the models currently on views.

Leonardo's most spectacular invention, the ornithopter or flying machine, was less successful than the Wright Brothers' venture several hundred years later. It consisted of a wooden frame, two huge wings, a series of ropes and pulleys and a windlass. The operator of the device was required to lie prone in the frame, his feet in leather stirrups connected by pulleys to the wings. The flyer moved his feet up and down to flap the wings at the same time operating the windlass with his arms.

The flying machine required a man of great strength to manipulate its controls and the strongest man to be found was Leonardo's porter. According to legend, the plane was taken to a high hill where the ship was catapulted by bent saplings operated like a giant slingshot. It gained some altitude and then crashed with the porter suffering two broken legs.

Many of Leonardo's other inventions were more successful. He invented a machine gun consisting of three tiers of twelve barrels each. The tiers were arranged in a triangular shape so that one might be fired while another was being loaded and the third was cooling. He also designed a spring-driven car, the first known self-propelled vehicle, a military tank, and a double-barreled ship that would stay afloat in battle even when an enemy damaged the outer hull.

Leonardo built a rotating bridge for protection against enemy troops.

It was intended to connect an island fortress with the mainland and could be disconnected whenever troops sought protection. He also designed a two-level bridge, providing one level for pedestrians and another for vehicles, indicating the existence of a traffic problem even in the 15th century.

The air-conditioning unit which Leonardo invented was installed in the boudoir of the wife of the Duke of Milan. The 30-foot tall contraption was built like a water-wheel over a fast-running stream. The vast wheel pumped water-cooled air into the suite of the duchess.

The models of Leonardo's inventions demonstrate the imagination and ingenuity of a man who has been described as having possessed "a genius for art and science unparalleled in any other individual in history."

54/86

For release in AM's, Monday, April 26thx

Greenville, S. C., Apr. 25 -- Only through the active assistance of laymen who are "missionary minded" will the Catholic faith be brought to millions of churchless Americans, the Rev. John A. O'Brien of the University of Notre Dame declared here today.

"A small band of priests cannot possibly reach even a fraction of our fellow-countrymen who have no religious affiliation," Father O'Brien said. "By bringing Christianity to these people, we shall be combatting Communism most effectively by strengthening the Christian character of American life and culture."

Father O'Brien, a noted author and leader in the convert movement, spoke on "The Challenge of Today" at the annual convention of the Council of Catholic Men of South Carolina. The Most Rev. John J. Russell, Bishop of Charleston, presided at the sessions.

A recent Catholic Digest survey, Father O'Brien said, disclosed that only 28% of the Catholics in the United States have ever made any effort to share their faith with others as compared with 59% of the Protestants who have endeavored to win adherents for their respective denominations. Deploring "the apathy of our laity," Father O'Brien called for "earnestness and enthusiasm" among American Catholics "if the truths of Christ are to be brought to the millions who know Him not."

"The Holy Father has repeatedly pointed out that the missionary spirit and the Catholic spirit are one and the same thing," Father O'Brien declared.

"Hence to be a real Catholic means to be missionary minded and to use every opportunity to extend the Kingdom of Christ among the souls of men."

For release in AM's, Tuesday, April 27th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 26 -- No harm was done by the eighteen months delay in initiating the hydrogen bomb project, a Notre Dame atomic scientist declared here tonight.

Dr. Milton Burton, director of the University's Radiation Project, defended the President's advisors who initially opposed the development of the Habomb as men of "the highest scientific achievement and sincerest patriotism."

"It is a serious error in a democracy," Dr. Burton asserted, "to criticize advisors and policy makers after the event exclusively on a basis of morality, loyalty and good faith. By such procedure we may guarantee that our best men, frequently our most sensitive personalities, will be driven entirely out of public service," he said.

Dr. Burton spoke on the hydrogen bomb and its significance at a Universal Notre Dame Night dinner of South Bend area alumni at The Morris Inn on the campus. Similar observances are being held this week by alumni clubs in more than a hundred cities throughout the country.

Terming the hydrogen bomb as "the most important symbol of our time," Dr. Burton pointed out that "very few of us have the information necessary to a useful assessment of the problems it presents." He emphasized that secrecy about the hydrogen bomb, for the most part, is pointless.

"Anybody---and I mean literally anybody ---with rudimentary knowledge of nuclear physics can speculate about fusion reactions," Dr. Burton claimed.

"All he has to do is look at a text book or examine some tables of data on the masses of nuclei. With the application of a little imagination and the use of arithmetic that can be performed by any high school graduate, he can calculate what combinations of elements might conceivably give a fusion bomb."

A 12-year veteran of atomic research, Dr. Burton warned that "we have no secrets to protect or to protect us. When the first thermonuclear weapon was exploded," he said, "the secret was out...All an enemy has to do is to turn his nuclear physicists loose on the problem and he knows absolutely that in a little time with a not unreasonable investment he also will be lucky enough to have a thermonuclear weapon."

Undue pessimism is not warranted, Dr. Burton indicated. "A half-dozen nations in the world today possess or can shortly possess the means of destruction of all of us," he said. "Perhaps, the impetus given by this horrible fact may make all nations more cautious in their threats, more humane in their imperialism, more wise in their selection of goals. Perhaps, the horror of the present situation will force world diplomacy to produce a solution geared to the magnitude of the problem."

In Dr. Burton's opinion, complete disarmament is a step on the way to the solution. "The only solution that I can see is to give the United Nations the powers of a true world government and to strip from the nations both the right and the means to make atomic bombs." Only through "a thoroughly informed electorate everywhere in the world" will this solution become a possibility, he said.

54/88

For release in PM's, Thursday, April 29th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 29 -- "The purchasing power of American consumers today is 92% higher than it was in 1929, just twenty-five years ago," a U. S. Department of Commerce official declared here today (Thursday).

M. Joseph Meehan, Director of the Office of Business Economics, citing the "enormous growth" of the American economy in the past quarter century,
said that we "produced and sold more than twice as many goods and services in
1953 as in 1929."

Meehan was the keynote speaker at the second annual Sales and Advertising Conference at the University of Notre Dame. More than 200 Midwest sales, advertising and marketing executives attended the sessions.

Production-wise, "the most striking difference" in the American economy in the twenty-five year period is "the great increase in the amount of our resources which we have found it necessary to devote to national security," Meehan asserted. Another significant change in our economy, he said, is "a very pronounced increase in the proportion of our national income which arises in manufacturing, in wholesale and retail trade and in contract construction." He noted a corresponding decline in agricultural employment and income.

"The fast growth of the previously less industrialized areas of the country and the narrowing of geographic income differentials has been an important force in broadening the American market," Meehan said. He reported that southern and western states have increased their share of the national income from 29% to 38% in the past quarter-century while the northeastern states declined from 42% to 33%. The central states, he said, received the same percentage (29%) of the national income at the beginning and end of the twenty-five year period.

Meehan...2 54/88

"Differences among the states in per capita income have significantly narrowed" during the same period, Meehan reported. "Even so," he said, "the range in 1952 was from \$818 in Mississippi, or half the national average, to \$2,260 in Delaware."

The government economist documented great economic advancement for the State of Indiana in the past quarter-century. "From 1929 to 1952, the last year for which official data are available, total income in Indiana increased by 269% as against 209% for the continental United States," Meehan said. "Per capital income was 14% below the national average in 1929; by 1952 it was 3% above the national average," he said. He indicated that the rapid growth of Indiana income is continuing. "From 1952 to 1953 total income in Indiana rose 9% as against 5½% for the nation as a whole," Meehan said. He reported that per capita income in the Hoosier state rose last year to \$1,800, or 6% above the national average.

Meehan attributed the business decline in recent months to several factors including a reduction of government expenditures, particularly in the area of national defense. "The reduction in consumer purchases of durable goods has had an important impact on production, employment and payrolls," Meehan said. He noted a falling-off of the total of wages and salaries paid in the manufacturing, mining and railroad industries which in turn has brought about most of the small decline in personal income since mid-1953.

Still another factor in the business decline, but a "temporary influence" in Mechan's opinion, is the accumulation of inventories which were high in relation to sales. "With the decline in government purchases and in consumer durables, production has been reduced to bring inventories more in line with current demand," he said.

Nevertheless, Meehan said, "business activity is still high, and it is particularly significant that fixed investment in construction and equipment and the volume of consumer buying have both been maintained at the high rate of a year ago."

For release in PM's, Friday, April 30th:

Notre Dame, Ind., Apr. 30 — An outdoor Marian Year novena will be held at Our Lady of Fatima Shrine here, May 9-17. The wayside shrine, which was dedicated in October, 1952, is situated on U.S. 31 adjacent to the University of Notre Dame campus.

The novena will open on Mother's Day, May 9th at 3 p.m., and will close with an evening Mass on May 17th. The services each evening will consist of recitation of the Rosary and other prayers, a sermon and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

The Rev. Robert J. Waide, C.S.C., of the Holy Cross Fathers Mission Band, will give the novena sermons. He has conducted novenas, missions and retreats throughout the country for many years. Ordained in 1937, Father Waide served as a chaplain in the Canadian Army during World War II.

Catholics from parishes in the South Bend area as well as several southwestern Michigan cities are expected to attend the outdoor novena devotions. Students from the University of Notre Dame and nearby St. Mary's College will swell the attendance.

The novena, which is sponsored by the Holy Cross Fathers who operate Notre Dame, is one of several activities here commemorating the 100th anniversary of the proclamation of the dogma of the Immaculate Conception. The Rev. John Patrick O'Connell, C.S.C., is the novena director.

54/39

For release in PM's, Thursday, May 6th:

Notre Dame, Ind., May 6 — New areas of research in Biblical science, liturgy and the history of theology will be opened to scholars at the University of Notre Dame with the acquisition of a microfilm copy of <u>Vetus Latina</u>, the Old Latin Bible widely used by the Church prior to St. Jerome's famous translation in the fourth century.

The Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., president of Notre Dame, today announced the arrival of the microfilm from the Archabbey of Beuron in Germany. Benedictine monks there, under the direction of the Rev. Bonifatius Fischer, O.S.B., have completed the cataloging of nearly 500,000 quotations from the manuscripts of the most ancient Latin Bible as well as Biblical passages quoted in the writings of the Church Fathers in the first centuries of the Christian era.

"The Archabbey of Beuron has made a microfilm negative of this collection available to Notre Dame partly because of the uncertain political and military situation in Europe," Father Hesburgh said. "The Benedictine monks also are anxious that scholars in this country have the benefit of their research to date since it will be many years before their complete findings become available in printed form. Notre Dame deems it a privilege to share in this important scholarly work."

Positive prints of the <u>Vetus Latina</u> material have been entrusted not only to Notre Dame but also to The American Committee of the International Greek New Testament, University of Chicago; to the British Critical Greek New Testament Committee, Oxford, England; and jointly to the Catholic Biblical Association and the Institute of Christian Oriental Research, Catholic University of America, Washington, D. C. These groups joined with Notre Dame in financing the project.

The Archabbey of Beuron also retains two sets of the positive prints. The valuable negative from which these prints were made remains the property of the Archabbey but it will be housed for safekeeping at Notre Dame.

At the outset, Notre Dame will use the <u>Vetus Latina</u> collection primarily for its liturgical and theological value, according to the Rev. Michael A. Mathis, C.S.C., director of the University's Liturgy Program.

"Since a very large part of the liturgical text, especially in the Latin rite, is taken both from Sacred Scripture and its traditional interpretation by the Church Fathers, the <u>Vetus Latina</u> collection gives us immediate access to any particular Biblical text in the Old Latin Bible as well as to its later quotation and interpretation by the Church Fathers," Father Mathis explained. "<u>Vetus Latina</u> also includes Biblical quotations from many manuscripts of Patristic writings which never before have been printed and have now become more accessible through this microfilmed register of Biblical quotations," Father Mathis said.

The other groups participating in the project will use the microfilm material primarily in the study of the textual criticism of the Greek Bible. Since the <u>Vetus Latina</u> was made from the Greek Bible toward the end of the second century of the Christian era, it bears witness to a type of Greek text that is older than any of the surviving Greek manuscripts themselves.

Vetus Latina, the Old Latin Bible, was used by the Latin Church until St. Jerome's Latin Vulgate translation from the Hebrew and his revised text of the Gospels were generally accepted. Parts of the Old Latin Bible have been preserved as a whole or in fragments and also in numerous quotations in Patristic writings preceding the time when the Vulgate gained general acceptance.

In 1743, Dom Petrus Sabatier collected and edited all the material then available. In the two centuries since his death, the printed editions of the Church Fathers have improved considerably and new manuscript versions of the Old Latin Bible were discovered. In view of these discoveries, about 1914 the late Rev. Joseph Denk of Munich began revising Sabatier's work. From Denk the Benedictine Fathers of Beuron eventually took over the material which today is the foundation of the Beuron Old Latin Project.

The object of the Beuron Vetus Latina collection is to combine a new, critical edition of all extant remains of the Old Latin Bible, both manuscripts and quotations. Beuron's first volume --- Genesis, the 1st Book of Moses --- will be completed this year, but the Benedictine monks estimate it will take "decades" to complete the entire work. The original Biblical manuscripts themselves have been used, while the quotations of the Church writers up to the Carolingian period have been given according to the best critical editions to date. Also included are the Patristic manuscripts not yet printed.

The <u>Vetus Latina</u> opens new perspectives in the fields of Biblical science, liturgy, history of theology, theological terminology, exegesis and philology. In philology this collection will be especially valuable in the study of Christian Latinity, Liturgical Latin and the Romance languages. It will be of special usefulness in tracing not only the sources, but also the parallel passages of a given text in the Patristic writings. In time, it will become indispensable to theologians, students of the liturgy, historians, philologists and librarians.

54/90

For release in AM'S Tuesday, May Lith:

Notre Dame, Ind., May 3 --- William M. Huebsch, who will receive his Ph. D. in mathematics at the University of Notre Dame in June, has been awarded a National Science Foundation post-doctoral fellowship for the 1954-55 academic year. In September he will begin studies and research in topology at the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey. During the coming Summer he will study at the University of Chicago.

Huebsch is the son of Mrs. William Huebsch of South Bend, Ind. (331 No. Francis Street). A native of Buffalo, N, Yo, he was graduated from Fosdick-Masten Park High School in 1939 and received his bachelor of science degree at Canisius College in 1943.

From 1944 to 1946 Huebsch worked as a physicist with The Carnegie Institute of Washington, D. C. He later served with the Army on Okinawa.

The fellowship provides a stipend of \$3,400 plus tuition and travel costs.

54/91

For release in AM's, Friday, May 7th:

Notre Dame, Ind., May 6 -- The Rev. Benjamin L. Masse, S. J., associate editor of AMERICA and an authority on the American labor movement, will give a lecture at the University of Notre Dame (Engineering Auditorium) on Tuesday (May 11) at 8 p. m. He will discuss "Will Unions and Management Keep the Peace?".

Father Masse is personally acquainted with a cross-section of leaders of labor and management as well as with government officials concerned with industrial relations. He is regarded as one of the most authoritative commentators on labor-management problems today. He is a professor of industrial ethics at the Xavier Labor School in New York City.

Educated at Marquette, Fordham and St. Louis Universities, Father Masse is a member of the American Catholic Economic Association, the American Arbitration Association, the Academy of Political Science, the Industrial Relations Research Association, and the Columbia University Seminar on Labor.

54/92

For immediate release:

South Bend, Ind., Apr. 29 --- The University of Notre
Dame and two prominent local citizens tonight received the annual
Brotherhood Awards of the South Bend-Mishawaka Roundtable of the
National Conference of Christians and Jews.

The Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., president of Notre Dame, accepted the award which cited the University "for its inspiring leadership and practical brotherhood in the spiritual, academic and cultural life of our community and our nation."

Also honored for outstanding contributions to better human relations were F. A. Miller, editor and publisher of The South Bend Tribune, and Henry Feferman, automobile dealer. Both Miller and Feferman are members of the Notre Dame President's Committee of South Bend.

More than 350 persons attended the Brotherhood Awards dinner at the Indiana Club.

54/93

For release in AM's, Sunday, May 2nd:

Notre Dame, Ind., May 1 -- Eighteen-hundred Army, Navy and Air Force ROTC students marched in a colorful President's Review at the University of Notre Dame this afternoon. The review, witnessed by hundreds of students and residents of nearby South Bend, was in honor of the Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., president of the University.

Sharing the reviewing stand with Father Hesburgh were Lt. Gen. William E. Kean, Commanding General of the Fifth Army, Chicago, Ill.; Rear Admiral Richard P. Glass, Commandant of the Ninth Naval District, Great Lakes, Ill.; and Colonel E. W. Napier, Deputy Commandant of the Air Force ROTC, Maxwell Field, Alabama.

Also in the official reviewing party were Mayor John A. Scott of South Bend; Rev. Edmund P. Joyce, C.S.C., executive vice-president of Notre Dame; and Colonel Melie J. Coutlee, Captain Frank P. Luongo and Lt. Col. George M. Cookson, commanding officers of the campus Air Force, Navy and Army ROTC units.

Thirty-seven outstanding ROTC students received medals and awards during the review.

54/94

For release in PM's, Tuesday, May 4th:

Indianapolis, Ind., May 4 -- Excessive drinking is a far more dangerous threat to a happy marriage than is an interfering mother-in-law, the Rev.

John A. O'Brien of the University of Notre Dame declared here today.

"Drinking is the predominant factor in 30% of marriage failures," Father O'Brien said, "while in-law trouble can be blamed for only 7% of the marriages which go on the rocks."

The nationally known author and marriage counsellor addressed the Indianapolis Council of Women at the Lincoln Hotel here today.

A recent study of 5,000 marriage failures revealed that infidelity ranks second to excessive drinking as a disrupting factor, Father O'Brien said. He listed other factors, in the order of their importance, as irresponsibility, radical uncongeniality, in-law trouble, sex maladjustments, mental illness, religious differences and financial difficulties.

"Failure to keep the family budget balanced was responsible for only 1% of the divorces," Father O'Brien stated, "with sex problems looming large in only one out of every twenty unhappy marriages."

The lack of a deep religious faith and the failure of couples to talk over their difficulties when they first appear contribute to marital misunderstandings, Father O'Brien said.

"A rule of utmost importance for all newlyweds to observe," he said,
"is to avoid the angry, bitter, humiliating word which, like a termite, undermines the foundation of the home and pulls the castle of their dreams into
tragic ruins."

PLEASE GUARD AGAINST PREMATURE RELEASE

For release in AM's, Sunday, May 9th:

Notre Dame, Ind., May 8 -- The University of Notre Dame today announced a new liberal arts curriculum to become effective with the freshman class in September. The new plan of studies for the Bachelor of Arts degree constitutes the first major curriculum change in the University's College of Arts and Letters in more than thirty years. Announcement of the program comes less than a year after the dedication of the O'Shaughnessy Hall of Liberal and Fine Arts, the new home of the college.

"Notre Dame has always regarded its College of Arts and Letters as the heart of the University," the Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., University president, said in announcing the program. "The University is fortunate in having splendid facilities and a fine faculty to implement the new curriculum. It is our conviction that this curriculum will advance the students' intellectual maturity and their interior development as men of intelligence and integrity," he said.

The new liberal arts curriculum differs substantially from the series of courses previously offered. It is characterized by a compression of courses and activities and the collaboration of instructors of varying specialities in dealing with the students' problems.

Among the program's chief features are a required course in mathematics in the freshman year as well as an intensive foreign language course taught six days a week in the first year. Formerly, students had the option of taking mathematics or one of several natural sciences as freshman. They will now take mathematics in their first year plus a natural science the following year. The intensive one-year language course replaces courses formerly taught over a two-year period. Students will have a choice of eight classical and modern languages.

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Under the new program the freshman English and speech courses will be merged with a view to developing articulateness both in the students' writing and oral presentation. Another major change is the establishment of a sophomore social science course replacing courses in economics, sociology and political science formerly taught separately in the sophomore and junior years.

While the sophomore English course will be devoted to the study of literature, a seminar on the masterworks in all the areas of knowledge will be required of all juniors in the new curriculum. Third-year students formerly were permitted to elect two specialized courses in literary forms such as poetry, the essay and the short story.

The new curriculum also provides for the study of philosophy and theology alternately throughout the undergraduate's four years. They have been included in the program not only as areas of knowledge profoundly important in
themselves but also as integrating influences furnishing the liberally disciplined mind with certain governing principles for the unification of knowledge
and life.

As in former years, European and American history will be required subjects for Notre Dame liberal arts students in their freshman and sophomore years. Physical education courses will no longer be required of students who are enrolled in one of the three campus ROTC programs and who have passed certain physical proficiency tests.

Students will take five courses each semester instead of six, it was pointed out by the Rev. Charles E. Sheedy, C.S.C., dean of the College. A comprehensive examination covering all previous work will be given at the end of the sophomore year, he said, and a senior essay will be a requirement for graduation. Father Sheedy said that the senior essay will consist of an exercise in inquiry-in-depth appropriate to the student's field of concentration. In the past, students majoring in certain subjects were required to write a thesis while others took senior comprehensive examinations.

In addition to the traditional fifteen departmental majors, Father Sheedy said that new interdepartmental majors will be offered in such areas as Christian Culture, Communications, Public and Foreign Service and Teacher Training.

The new Notre Dame liberal arts curriculum evolved in part from a self-study of the College of Arts and Letters made possible by a \$23,600 grant from the Ford Foundation's Fund for the Advancement of Education. Many of the recommendations embodied in the report of The Committee on Self-Study, The Curriculum of a Catholic Liberal College, have been adopted and included in the new liberal arts program.

The Committee's research included many interviews with faculty members, outside consultants and students, surveys, panel discussions and visits to other educational institutions. The research was directed by Dr. Vincent E. Smith of the Notre Dame faculty. He was assisted by the Rev. Edward O'Connor, C.S.C., and Dr., Herbert L., Johnston, both faculty members.

DATE	TOPICS
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4/ 9/54 4/ 9/54 4/ 9/54 4/ 9/54 4/ 9/54 4/ 9/54	Arch.Stritch to Officiate at 8th Annual Vocation Inst.July 15, 1954 Roads to Rome, New Convert Stories Edited by Rev. John A. O'Brien Wm. A. Meyer, ND Senior to Repre.College of Commerce "Inside Adv. Week" Joseph Zangerle & John A. Burns Awarded Woodrow Wilson Fellowships Sales & Adv.Conference, Apr. 29th, Meehan to Give Keynote Address Anne Fremantle To Serve on Staff of Writers' Conf. Je 28-Ja 3, 1954 ND Glee Club to Appear on Sullivan's "Toast of the Town" CBS TV Easter
4/15/54 4/15/54 4/15/54 4/15/54	Robert E. Sullivan of Law School to be Asst. Dean at Montana State Univ. U of ND Band to go on 3,000 Mile Concert Tour of 11 Cities Kamal Hossain, junior in AB Recd Social Sci. Research Grant 75 yrs. ago, April 23, 1870 U of ND Destroyed by Fire Annual Observance of Univ. ND Night During Week of April 26th
4/22/54 4/22/54 4/22/54 4/22/54	Leonardo da Vinci Working Models Exhibited at Notre Dame, Ap 25-My Fr.O'Brien Speaks on "The Challenge of Today" at Greenville, S.C. Dr. Milton Burton Speaks on Hydrogen Bomb Project at U.N.D. Night M. Joseph Meehan Keynote Speaker at 2nd annual Sales & Adv. Conf. Outdoor Marian Year Novena, Our Lady of Fatima Shrine, May 9-17
4/30/54 4/30/54 4/30/54 4/30/54 4/30/54 4/30/54	Vetus Latina, Microfilm Gopy, Opened to Scholars at Notre Dame William M. Huebsch Awarded National Science Foundation Post-doctoral Rev. Benjamin L. Masse, S.J. American Labor Authority Speaker at ND U of ND & Miller & Feferman receive Brotherhood Awards 1800 ROTC Students March in Presiden's Review at ND Excessive Drinking More Dangerous than Mother-in-laws as Marriage/ New Liberal Arts Curriculum Effective Freshman Class Sept., 1954
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* Note Two Number (89)

- One on Marian Year Novena, one On Vetus Latina